KARNATAK UNIVERSITY, DHARWAD



DEPARTMENT OF STUDIES IN POLITICAL SCIENCE

REGULATIONS AND SYLLABUS

FOR

POST GRADUATE (M.A.) COURSE IN POLITICAL SCIENCE

UNDER CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (I TO IV SEMESTERS)

WITH EFFECT FROM 2020 - 2021 AND ONWARDS

DEPARTMENT OF POLITICAL SCIENCE KARNATAK UNIVERSITY, DHARWAD

Regulations Governing Post Graduate (M.A.) Course in Political Science (Scheme: Choice Based Credit System)

I. Commencement:

The Regulations shall come into force from the academic year 2020-2021.

II. Definitions:

In this Regulation, unless otherwise mentioned,

- a) 'University' means Karnatak University, Dharwad.
- **b)** 'Board of Studies' means Board of Studies in Political Science (P.G) of the Karnatak University.
- c) 'Compulsory Paper' means the paper that is prescribed by the Department from time to time as compulsory.
- **d)** 'Specialization paper' means a Specialization paper prescribed by the Department from time to time.
- e) 'Open Elective' means, a paper offered by the Department of Political Science, for the students of other Departments in Karnatak University from time to time. However, the students of the Department of Political Science have freedom to choose any one of the Open Electives offered by other Departments to add to their credits required for the completion of their degree.
- f) 'Credit' means the unit by which the course work is measured. For this Regulation, one credit means one hour of teaching work per week. As regards the marks for the papers, 1 Credit is equal to 25 marks, 2 Credits are equal to 50 marks, 3 credits are equal to 75 marks, 4 credits are equal to 100 marks as used in the conventional system.
- g) 'Grade' is an index to indicate the performance of a student. These Grades are arrived at by converting marks scored in each paper by the candidate after completing his/her Internal Assessment and Semester End Examinations. These grades are awarded for each paper at the end of each semester (For details please refer Point No. XIII-Marks & Grade Points.)
- **h)** 'Grade Point Average' or GPA refers to an indicator of the performance of the student in a given semester. GPA is the weighted average of all Grades a student gets in a given semester. The GPA depends on the number of papers a student takes and the grades awarded to him/her for each of the paper so chosen.
- i) 'Cumulative Grade Point Average' or CGPA refers to the Cumulative Grade Point Averages weighted across all the semesters and is carried forward. The calculations of the GPA, CGPA is shown in these regulations (For details please refer Point No. XV-Grade Points Calculating Formula.)

III. Admission:

The details of the admission rules are governed by the Notifications/Website and Circulars issued by the University from time to time. However, the applicant should have studied Political Science as one of the optionals at under Graduate level for admission to the Department of Political Science.

IV. Duration of the Programme:

The Post Graduate Course (M.A.) in Political Science shall be for a period of two academic years, each academic year comprising of two semesters as notified by the University.

V. Teaching of the Course:

Each paper shall be taught for 4 hours per week. However, it may vary from paper to paper depending on the activities of the Department, general holidays and the calendar of events prescribed by the University from time to time.

VI. Medium of Instruction

The medium of instruction shall be English

VII. Scheme of Papers and Credits/Classes and Marks

- a) There shall be three categories of papers viz., Compulsory papers, Specialization papers and Open Electives. Compulsory and Specialization papers are meant for the students of Department of Political Science. The Open Electives are the papers offered by the Department for the students of other Departments. However, the students of the Department of Political Science shall choose the Open Electives offered by other Departments to add to their Credits depending on their interest.
- **b)** The Credits for each of the Compulsory paper and Specialization paper are FOUR. The Open Electives offered by the Department to the students of other Departments also carry FOUR credits each. However, the number of credits for the Open Electives offered by other departments may vary from one Department to the other Department.
- c) Streams of Specialization are meant to train the students in certain area of Specialization. There are four Streams of Specialization. The students are expected to choose any one of the stream in the first semester itself and such students will continue to learn in the same stream all through the four semesters. Thus the student will gain Specialization in a specific stream which is a necessity in current scheme of higher education.

c) Scheme of Papers for the Post Graduate Course (M.A.) in Political Science

Paper No.	Exam. Paper Code	Title of the Paper	Internal Assessment Marks	Marks for Semester end Examination	Total Marks	Hours per week	Credits
Ι	A24	Ancient Indian Political Thought	25	75	100	4	4
II	A25	Classical Western Political Thought	25	75	100	4	4
III	A26	Contemporary Indian Politics	25	75	100	4	4
IV	A27	Contemporary Public Administration	25	75	100	4	4
V	A28	Introduction to International Relations	25	75	100	4	4

FIRST SEMESTER COMPULSORY PAPERS

FIRST SEMESTER STREAMS OF SPECIALIZATION VI-A-INDIAN GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS

Paper No.	Exam. Paper Code	Title of the Paper	Internal Assessment Marks	Marks for Semester end Examination	Total Marks	Hours per week	Credits
VI-A-1	A29	Indian National Movement	25	75	100	4	4

VI-B-PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

Paper No.	Exam. Paper Code	Title of the Paper	Internal Assessment Marks	Marks for Semester end Examination	Total Marks	Hours per week	Credits
VI-B-1	A30	Theories of Public Administration	25	75	100	4	4

VI-C-INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

Paper No.	Exam. Paper Code	Title of the Paper	Internal Assessment Marks	Marks for Semester end Examination	Total Marks	Hours per week	Credits
VI-C-1	A31	Foreign Policy of India	25	75	100	4	4

VI-D-COMPARATIVE GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS

Paper No.	Exam. Paper Code	Title of the Paper	Internal Assessment Marks	Marks for Semester end Examination	Total Marks	Hours per week	Credits
VI-D-1	A32	Comparative Government and Politics: A Theoretical Perspective	25	75	100	4	4

SECOND SEMESTER COMPULSORY PAPERS

Paper No.	Exam. Paper Code	Title of the Paper	Internal Assessment Marks	Marks for Semester end Examination	Total Marks	Hours per week	Credits
VII	B19	Medieval Indian Political Thought	25	75	100	4	4
VIII	B20	Medieval Western Political Thought	25	75	100	4	4
IX	B21	Indian Government and Administration	25	75	100	4	4
X	B22	Theories of International Relations	25	75	100	4	4
XI OE**	H73	Human Rights: Theory and Practice	25	75	100	4	4

****Open Elective to be offered by the students of other Departments.**

The students of the Department of Political Science have to choose one Open Elective offered by any one of the other Departments in the University.

STREAMS OF SPECIALIZATION XII-A- INDIAN GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS

Paper No.	Exam. Paper Code	Title of the Paper	Internal Assessment Marks	Marks for Semester end Examination	Total Marks	Hours per week	Credits
XII-A-2	B23	Making of the Constitution of India	25	75	100	4	4

XII-B-PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

Paper No.	Exam. Paper Code	Title of the Paper	Internal Assessment Marks	Marks for Semester end Examination	Total Marks	Hours per week	Credits
XII-B-2	B24	Public Personnel Administration	25	75	100	4	4

XII-C-INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

Paper No.	Exam. Paper Code	Title of the Paper	Internal Assessment Marks	Marks for Semester end Examination	Total Marks	Hours per week	Credits
XII-C-2	B25	Diplomacy : Theory and Practice	25	75	100	4	4

XII-D-COMPARATIVE GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS

Paper No.	Exam. Paper Code	Title of the Paper	Internal Assessment Marks	Marks for Semester end Examination	Total Marks	Hours per week	Credits
XII-D-2	B26	Unitary and Federal Governments. (Japan and China; America and Switzerland)	25	75	100	4	4

THIRD SEMESTER COMPULSORY PAPERS

Paper No.	Exam. Paper Code	Title of the Paper	Internal Assessment Marks	Marks for Semester end Examination	Total Marks	Hours per week	Credits
XIII		Modern Indian Political Thought	25	75	100	4	4
XIV		Contemporary Western Political Thought	25	75	100	4	4
XV		Contemporary Political Theories	25	75	100	4	4
XVI		Modern Political Analysis	25	75	100	4	4
XVII** OE		Political Journalism	25	75	100	4	4

****Open Elective to be offered by the students of other Departments.**

The students of the Department of Political Science have to choose one Open Elective offered by any one of the other Departments in the University.

STREAMS OF SPECIALIZATION XVIII-A-INDIAN GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS

Paper No.	Exam. Paper Code	Title of the Paper	Internal Assessment Marks	Marks for Semester end Examination	Total Marks	Hours per week	Credits
XVIII-A-3		Dynamics of Indian Constitution	25	75	100	4	4

XVIII-B-PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

Paper No.	Exam. Paper Code	Title of the Paper	Internal Assessment Marks	Marks for Semester end Examination	Total Marks	Hours per week	Credits
XVIII-B-3		Organization and Management	25	75	100	4	4

XVIII-C-INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

Paper No.	Exam. Paper Code	Title of the Paper	Internal Assessment Marks	Marks for Semester end Examinatio n	Total Marks	Hours per week	Credits
XVIII-C-3		and International Organization	25	75	100	4	4

XVIII-D-COMPARATIVE GOVERNMENTAND POLITICS

Paper No.	Exam. Paper Code	Title of the Paper	Internal Assessment Marks	Marks for Semester end Examination	Total Marks	Hours per week	Credits
XVIII-D-3		Parliamentary and Presidential Governments (UK and Australia; Brazil and Nigeria)	25	75	100	4	4

FOURTH SEMESTER COMPULSORY PAPERS

Paper No.	Exam. Paper Code	Title of the Paper	Internal Assessment Marks	Marks for Semester end Examination	Total Marks	Hours per week	Credits
XIX		Local Government and Politics in India	25	75	100	4	4
XX		Elections and Electoral Process in India	25	75	100	4	4
XXI		Political Economy	25	75	100	4	4
XXII		Research Methods in Social Science	25	75	100	4	4
XXIII		Project Work (A topic to be chosen from an area nearer to the syllabus in any paper prescribed for Post Graduate (M.A.) Course in Political Science)	25 (Viva- Voce)	75 (Project Evaluation)	100	4	4

STREAMS OF SPECIALIZATION XXIV-A-INDIAN GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS

Paper No.	Exam. Paper Code	Title of the Paper	Internal Assessment Marks	Marks for Semester end Examination	Total Marks	Hours per week	Credits
XXIV-A-4		Political Process and Politics in India	25	75	100	4	4

XXIV-B-PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

Paper No.	Exam. Paper Code	Title of the Paper	Internal Assessment Marks	Marks for Semester end Examination	Total Marks	Hours per week	Credits
XXIV-B-4		New Public Management	25	75	100	4	4

XXIV-C-INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

Paper No.	Exam. Paper Code	Title of the Paper	Internal Assessment Marks	Marks for Semester end Examination	Total Marks	Hours pe week	Credits
XXIV-C-4		India and Regional Organizations	25	75	100	4	4

XXIV-D-COMPARATIVE GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS

Paper No.	Exam. Paper Code	Title of the Paper	Internal Assessm ent Marks	Marks for Semester end Examination	Total Marks	Hours per week	Credits
XXIV-D-4		South, South East and West Asian Studies (Korea and Indonesia; Egypt and Saudi Arabia)	25	75	100	4	4

TOTAL MARKS FOR ALL THE FOUR SEMESTERS

Semesters	Internal Assessment Marks	Marks for Semester end Examination	Total Marks	Hours per week	Credits
First Semester	150	450	600	24	24
Second Semester	150	450	600	24	24
Third Semester	150	450	600	24	24
Fourth Semester	150	450	600	24	24
Total for all the Four Semesters	600	1800	2400	96	96

Summary of Credits for the Post Graduate Course (M.A.) in Political Science

<u>I Semester:</u>		
Five Compulsory Papers	:	20 Credits
One Specialization Paper	:	04 Credits
Total	:	24 Credits
II Semester:		
Four Compulsory Papers	:	16 Credits
One Specialization Paper	:	04 Credits
Open Elective	:	04 Credits
Total	:	24 Credits
III Semester:		
Four Compulsory Papers	:	16 Credits
One Specialization Paper	:	04 Credits
Open Elective	:	04 Credits
Total	:	24 Credits
IV Semester:		
Five Compulsory Papers (Including Project Work)	:	20 Credits
One Specialization Paper	:	04 Credits
Total	:	24 Credits
Grand Total for Four Semeste	rs:	96 Credits

- **d)** The students of Post Graduate Course (M.A.) in Political Science have to offer one of the Open Electives offered by other Departments in the II and III semesters.
- e) The Department offers one Open Elective paper in II and III semesters to the students of other Departments in the University. The students of the Department of Political Science are not allowed to choose the Open Elective offered by the Department. However, the students of the department of Political Science have freedom to choose any one of the Open Electives offered by the other Departments.

VIII. Attendance:

a) The student shall be considered to have satisfied the requirement of attendance as per the requirement of UGC if he/she has attended not less-than 75% of total number of classes held in each paper till the end of the semester inclusive of tutorials. Marks will be awarded to students in each paper depending upon their fulfillment of attendance as shown below in the table**.

- b) Each student will have to sign his/her attendance for every hour of teaching of each paper. At the end of every month the Chairman of the Department shall notify the status of the attendance of every student on the Notice Board of the Department in each paper. The Chairman of the Department shall send to the Registrar (Evaluation) a detailed statement of attendance at the end of every semester.
- c) In order to encourage regularity in attendance a maximum of three marks shall be awarded to the students as shown below:

Sl. No	Percentage of Attendance	Internal Assessment Marks
1	Above 90	3 Marks
2	Above 80 and up to 90	2 Marks
3	Above 75 and up to 80	1 Mark
4	75	No Marks

****Marks for attendance in each paper**

- **d)** However, if a student represents the Department/ University/ State/ Nation in Sports, NCC, NSS or Cultural or any other officially sponsored activities he/she shall be eligible to claim the attendance for the actual number of days utilized in such activities (including travel days) subject to the production of certificate from an appropriate authority within two weeks after the event.
- e) A student who does not satisfy the requirement of attendance of 75% in each paper shall not be permitted to appear for the semester end examination; such candidates may seek admission afresh to the given semester.

IX. Evaluation:

a) Evaluation of the papers will have two components-

- i) Internal Assessment, and
- ii) Semester end examination

However for Paper XXIII (Compulsory) Project Work: the evaluation marks shall be 75 for Project Report and 25 marks for the Viva-Voce Test to be conducted by the Members of the Faculty under the Chairmanship of the Chairman of the Department.

The total marks for the Internal Assessment shall be 25 as classified below in addition to 3 marks for attendance.

1. Two written Tests of 5 marks each	:	10 marks
2. Seminar paper	:	6 marks
3. Group Discussion	:	6 marks

The tests shall be written in separate designated answer booklet. The marks of internal assessment shall be notified on the notice board of the Department and submitted to the Registrar (Evaluation) at the end of every semester, and shall be taken into account for the compilation of grades. In case of candidates appearing for improvement examination the marks obtained in the Internal Assessment shall not be revised since there is no provision for improvement of Internal Assessment.

b) There shall be one semester end examination of 3 hours duration for 75 marks. The examination shall be conducted as per the rules, regulations, notifications, orders, instructions, procedures, formats and circulars issued by the University from time to time.

X. Challenge Evaluation:

There shall be a provision for challenge valuation as per the rules and regulations of the University issued from time to time.

XI. Completion of the Course:

- a) A candidate is expected to successfully complete Post Graduate (M.A.) Course within two years from the date of admission.
- b) <u>Whenever the syllabus is revised, the candidate reappearing/golden opportunity</u> will have to write the examination as per the existing syllabi.
- c) The CBCS scheme is a fully carry-over system. However, the four-semesters (two years course) should be completed by the student within a maximum period of 4 years.

XII. Declaration of Results:

- a) Minimum for a pass in each paper shall be 40% of the total 100 marks including both the Internal Assessment and the semester end examination. However a candidate should obtain at-least 40% marks in the semester end examination which will be for 75 marks. There is no minimum marks for the Internal Assessment. However after adding the Internal Assessment marks and the semester end examination marks, the candidates should score a minimum of 40% of the maximum marks per paper. Candidate shall secure a minimum of 50 percent in aggregate in all the papers of a programme in each semester to successfully complete the programme.
- b) <u>The improvement of the performance is permitted as per the rules and</u> <u>regulations of the University as per the existing syllabus only.</u> (To be read with XI-b)

XIII. Marks and Grade points:

Sl.No.	Percentage of Marks	GPA/CGPA	Grade
1	75 and above	7.50 to 10.00	A
2	60 and above but less than 75	6.00 to 07.49	В
3	50 and above but less than 60	5.00 to 05.99	С
4	40 and above but less than 50	4.00 to 4.99	D
5	Less than 40.00%	Less than 4.00	F

XIV. Grading:

The Grade Point Average (GPA) shall be given to each candidate based on his/her performance during the semester which includes both the Internal Assessment and the semester end examination. The GPA of each semester should be carried to the next semester as Cumulative Grade Point Average CGPA.

XV. Grade Points (Formula):

<u>Semester GPA</u> = Total Credit Points in all papers

Credit Hours <u>Cumulative Grade Point Average</u> = <u>(GPA of all Semesters)</u> Credits of All Semesters

XVI. Model Question Paper:

	Quest	tion Paper Pa	attern for Semester	r end Examination.
	aximum M ote: All par		C, are compulsory	Time: 3.00 hours
In		•	Part -A (15 marks) <u>aree of</u> the following equal marks (3X5=1	questions in 200 words each.
	1. 2. 3. 4.			
In			Part- B (30 marks) <u>three</u> of the followin equal marks (3X10=	g questions in 300 words each.
In	struction:		Part-C (30 marks) <u>two</u> of the following equal marks (2X15=	questions in 500 words each.
XVII. Q	uestion Pa	per Pattern f	for Class Test:	
Μ	aximum M	arks: 5		Time: 30 minutes

Instruction: Answer any one of the following question in 200 words

1. 2.

PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES (PSOS)

After completion of this programme, the student will be able to:

1. Understand a comprehensive and up-to-date review of the major fields of Political Science and is equipped with a rigorous conceptual framework, basic analytical tools and sound methodological training in the discipline.

2. The programme provides 96 credits spread over four semesters, with the foundational courses introduced in the first semester and more specialized areas in the final semester.

3. Comprehend Political Science as 'Master Science' and emphasis is laid on Political Thought, Political Theories, International Relations, , Comparative Politics later shifting to Area Studies and Public Administration and policy studies, India's foreign policy, gender and politics and social movements.

4. The programme provides a balanced treatment to both empirical and normative aspects of the discipline of Political Science. The students get a balanced footing on concepts and methodology as the programme has made Research Methodology and Field studies as an integral part of research. The programme draws inputs from allied disciplines and empowers the students with an interdisciplinary focus and understanding

5. The programme supports problem solving skills, thinking, creativity through assignments, project work, both individual and group based. The programme empowers and motivates students for research in Political Science and related fields.

Paper Code and	PG 50T1	01.: Ancie	nt Indian Po	olitica	al Though	t				
Name										
COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)										
After compl	eting this paper, the studen	ts will be able	to:							
	CO-1. Understand ancient Indian Political Thinkers and their writings.									
	comparisons; understand diff	erent political in	nstitutions, actors	and pro	cesses that shap	ed the	ancient			
	and the political processes.									
	rtake further research into the		1.1.1.	1 77	•,					
CO-4. Under	rstand the contributions of the	e Ancient Politic	cal thinkers toward	ds Hum	anity.	-				
Title	of the Paper	Internal Assessment Marks	Marks for Semester end Examination	Total Marks	Hours per week		Credits			
Ancient Ind	lian Political Thought	25	75	100	4	4				
	Unit-I: Int	roduction to	Ancient India	n Poli	ty					
1. Nature,	significance and relevance	e of the study	y of Ancient Ind	dian Po	olity					
2. Sources	and Approaches to the st	tudy of Ancie	nt Indian Polity	7						
(Philosoph	ical, Historical and Instit	utional)								

Unit-II: Nature of Indian State, Vedas and Upanishads

1.State in Ancient India: Nature and Functions, Concept of Dharma

2. Significance of Vedas and Upanishads – Sabha, Samiti and Vidhata

Unit-III: Ancient Texts and their Significance

- 1. Ramayana, Mahabharata –Significance, Relevance, Rajadharma and Shantiparva. Philosophy of Bhagavadgeeta.
- 2. Buddhist literature Jataka Tales and Panchatantra

Unit-IV: Theories of State Craft

- 1. Manu's Socio-Political Ideas: Social Order and Duties of King and Ministers.
- 2. Kautilya's Arthashastra Importance, Duties of the King, Saptanga Theory of State, Mandal Theory, Espionage System

<u>REFERENCES</u>

- 1. Nayak, G.C. (1994). Indian Political Tradition. New Delhi: Kalyani Publishers.
- 2. Varma, V.P. (1993). *Ancient and Medieval Indian Political Thought*. Agra: Laxmi Agarwal.
- 3. Bhandarkar, D.R. (1984). *Some Aspects of Ancient Indian Polity*. Patna: Eastern Book House.
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- 5. Bindeshawari Prasad, Sinha. (1976). Readings in Kautilya's Arthasastra. Delhi.
- 6. Pant, Suresh Chandra. (1973). *Ancient Indian Thought : State and Govt. in Ancient India*. Lucknow: Prakashan Kendra.
- 7. Bhambri, C.P. (1969). Primer of Indian Polity. Meerut: Loyala Book Depot.
- 8. Ghoshal, U.N. (1966). *History of Indian Political Ideas : Ancient Period and the Period of Transition to the Middle Ages*. Bombay: OUP.
- 9. Saletore, B.A. (1963). *Ancient Indian Political Thought and Institutions*. Bombay: Asia Publication.
- 10. Altekar, S. A. (1958). *State and Government in Ancient India*. Delhi: Motilal Banarasidas.

PaperPG 50T102.: CLASSICAL WESTERN POLITICALCode andTHOUGHT

Name

COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

After completing this paper, the students will be able to:

CO-1. Understand ancient Indian thinkers and their writings.

CO-2. Make comparisons understand different political institutions, actors and processes that shaped the ancient Indian polity and the political processes.

CO-3. Undertake further research into the ancient texts

CO-4. Develop the ability to analyze political events and problems.

Title of the Paper	Internal Assessment Marks	Marks for Semester end Examination	Total Marks	Hours per week		Credits
CLASSICAL WESTERN POLITICAL THOUGHT	25	75	100	4	4	

Unit – I: Political Thought and Political Theory

- 1. Meaning of Political Thought and Political Thought as a Tradition
- 2. Nature, Significance, Decline and Revival of Political Theory
- 3. Characteristics of Western Political Thought: Ancient, Medieval and Modern.

Unit - II: Greek Political Thought

- 1. Plato- (The Laws) : The Theory of State, Nature of Law, Second Best State, Government.
- 2. Aristotle (Politics) : State, Property, Slavery, the Best State.
- **3.** The Epicureans and Stoics: The Epicureans (The Nature of Things): Origin of the State. Stoics: Natural Law and State

Unit - III: Roman Political Thought

- 1. Polybius (History of Rome)
 - a. Cyclic Theory of Government
 - b. Mixed Form of Government
- 2. Cicero (De Republica) :
 - a. Natural Law
 - b. Forms of Government

Unit – IV: The Roman Legal System

- 1. Its Development : Jus Gentium, Jus Naturale, Jus Civile
- 2. Roman Contribution to Law

<u>REFERENCES</u>

- 1. Nelson, Brian, R. (2004). Western Political Thought From Socrates to the Age of Ideology. Delhi: Pearson Education.
- 2. Mukherjee, Subrata., Ramaswamy, Sushila. (1999). A History of Political Thought Plato to Marx. New Delhi: Prentice Hall.
- 3. Bhandari, D.R. (1986). *History of European Political Philosophy*. Bangalore: Bangalore Printing and Publications.
- 4. Dunning, W.A. (1976). *A History of Political Philosophies*. Volumes I and II, Allahabad: Central Book Depot.
- 5. Suda, J.P. (1973). *History of Political Thought*, Volumes I & II Meerut: K.Nath & Co.
- 6. Jones, W.T. (1969). Masters of Political Thought. London: George G. Harrap.
- 7. Wayper, C.L. (1965). Political Thought. London: English Universities Press.
- 8. Maxey, C.C. (1961). Political Philosophies. New York: The Macmillan Co.
- 9. Sabine, G.H. (1951). A History of Political Theory. London: George G. Harrap,
- 10. William, Ebenstein. (1951). *Great Political Thinkers: Plato to the Present*. London: Rinehart Publication.

Paper PG 50 T 103 : CONTEMPORARY INDIAN POLITICS Code and Name

COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

After completing this paper, the students will be able to:

CO-1. Understand contemporary Indian politics

CO-2. Develop skills of presenting dynamics of Indian politics

CO-3. learn the skill of critical thinking

CO-4 Analyze the day to day politics by understanding its multi-dimensions and the realities of the social fabric of Indian society.

Title of the Paper	Internal Assessment Marks	Marks for Semester end Examination	Total Marks	Hours per week	Credits	2
CONTEMPORARY INDIAN POLITICS	25	75	100	4	4	

Unit-I: Understanding India

- 1. India as a Nation- Varied Discourses, Political Culture of India, Revivalism and Secularism
- 2. Caste and Class: Social Reality, Political Representation and Political Community, Emerging social cleavages

Unit-II: Change and Stability in Indian Politics

- 1. Issues in Indian Democracy: Stability, Federation and its Future, Role of Political Parties
- 2. Democratic Project in India: Elections and Expansion of democracy, Crisis of Governance

Unit-III: Politics and Economy in India: An Interface

1. Changing Nature of Indian State, Its Philosophy and Practice, Role of State and Market in India

2. Demography and its Economic Implications, Inequality – Policies related to Land, Differences in income and wealth

Unit-IV: India and her Geo-Economic Positioning

- 1. India's geo-economic positioning Neighbour first policy, her changing foreign policy for competitive repositioning
- 2. India and the world leadership issues, development challenges, Look East and South Asia policy

<u>REFERENCES</u>

Kothari, Rajani. (2010). *Caste in Indian Politics*, Hyderabad: Orient Black Swan. Acharya, Shankara. (2006). *Essay on Macroeconomic Policy and Growth in India*, New Delhi: Dxford university Press.

- 3. Fernandes, Leela. (2006). *India's New Middle Class: Democratic Politics in an Era of Refor* Miineapolis: University of Minnesota Press.
- 4. Frankel, Francine R. (2005). *India's Political Economy 1947-2004*, New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- 5. kohli, Atul. (2004). *The Success of India's Democracy*, London: Cambridge Universit Press.
- 6. Ahmad, Imtiaz. (et.al). (2000). Pluralism and Equality, New Delhi: Sage Publications.
- 7. O'Neill, Michel., & Austin, Dennis. (2000). *Democracy and Cultural Diversity*, London: Oxford University Press.
- 8. Dryzek, John S. (2000). *Deliberative Democracy and Beyond*, London: Oxford University Press.
- 9. Kramer, Matthew H. (et.al). (2000). A Debate Over Rights, London: Oxford University Pres
- 10. Macedo, Stephen. (Ed.). (1999). Deliberative Politics, London: Oxford University Press.

Paper	
Code and	PG 50 T 104 : CONTEMPORARY PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION
Name	

СО	URSE OUTC	OMES (COs)				
After completing this paper, the studen CO-1. Develop the skill of becoming goo CO-2. Understand Major Concepts of Pub CO-3. To understand the Contemporary D CO-4. Analyse the Contemporary Public	ts will be able d administrator lic Administrat: evelopments in	to: s. ion Public Administra	ation			
Title of the Paper	Internal Assessment Marks	Marks for Semester end Examination	Total Marks	Hours per week		Credits
CONTEMPORARY PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION	25	75	100	4	4	
Unit-I: Essentials of Pub	lic Administ	ration				
1. Meaning, Nature and Scope of F	Public Admin	istration				
2. Approaches to the study of Pub Behavioural and Case Study.	lic Administr	ration – Histori	cal, Lo	egal,		
Stake holder and Citizen's char 2. Public Management, Decision I Unit-III: Contemporary 1. Result Orientation, Performanc 2. Performance Management Syst	Making and R Developmen e Appraisal, 7	ts in Public A Gransparency and	lminis nd Acc	stration		
Unit-IV: New Public Ma	nagement					
1. Honey Report and Minnow broc	ok Conference	e (I, II and III)				
2. Washington Conference: Econor	mic Growth a	nd Inequality				
Ŀ	REFERENC	<u>CES</u>				
	Contemporary	, Dehates in Pr	ublic	1 dministratio	on.	
1. Alka, Dhameja. (Ed). (2003). C	y and the second s	Debutes in 1		<i>iuminisiruno</i>		
New Delhi: Prentice Hall.						
 New Delhi: Prentice Hall. 2. Arora, Ramesh., & others. (20 <i>and Business</i>. Jaipur: Aalekha. 3. Spicer Michael, W. (2001). <i>Put</i>. 	03). Ehics at	nd Accountabi	lity an	d Governme	ent	
 New Delhi: Prentice Hall. 2. Arora, Ramesh., & others. (20 and Business. Jaipur: Aalekha. 	03). Ehics at blic Administ Press.	nd Accountabil tration: A post	lity an model	d Governme rn perspectiv	ent ve.	

5. Sharma, P.D. (2000). Management thought and Thinkers. Jaipur: Research

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- 9. Prasad, D.R., & others. (1988). *Administrative Thinkers*. New Delhi: Sterling Publishers.
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Paper Code and Name PG 50T105 : INTRODUCTION TO INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

COURSE OUTCOME (COs)

After completing this paper, the students will be able to:

CO-1. Understand the International Relations

CO-2. Analyse the International Politics

CO-3. Understand the Global affairs easily

CO-4. Understand International Relations in Globalized world

Title of the Paper	Internal Assessment Marks	Marks for Semester end Examination	Total Marks	Hours per week		Credits
INTRODUCTION TO INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS	25	75	100	4	4	

Unit –I: Introduction

1. Meaning, Nature and Importance of the study of International Relations

2. Evolution and Autonomy of International Relations as a Discipline

Unit-II: Approaches to the study of International Relations

- 1. Traditional and Scientific Approaches to the study of International Relations
- 2. Functions and Utility of International Relations, Significance of the International Theories.

Unit-III: Theories of International Relations

- 1. Theories of Realism, Neo-realism and Constructivism and Social Constructivism
- 2. Samuel P. Huntington's Theory of Clash of Civilizations, Green Politics.

Unit-IV: Globalization and World Order

1. Nature and Characteristics of Systems Theory: Morton Kaplan's Systems

Theory, Decision Making Theory.

2. Globalization and Post Cold War - WorldOrder

<u>REFERENCES</u>

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- 2. Bajpai, Kanti., & Mallavarapu, Siddharth. (Eds). (2004). *International Relations in India : Bringing Theory Back Home*. London: Orient Longman.
- 3. Kanti, Bajpai., & Siddharth, Mallavarapu. (Eds). (2004). *International Relations in India: Theorising the Region and Nation*. London: Orient Longman.
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- 7. Malhotra, Vinay Kumar., & Sergounin, Alexander A. (1998). *Theories and Approaches to International Relations*. New Delhi: Anmol Publications.
- 8. Vandana, A. (1996). Theory of International Politics. New Delhi: Vikas.
- 9. Dougherty, James E. & Robert, L. Pfaltzgraff. (1996). *Contending Theories of International Relations*. New York: Harper and Row Publishers.
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Paper	PG 50 T 106A : VI.A. INDIAN GOVERNMENT				
Code and Name	AND POLITICS Paper VI -A – 1				
1 vanie	(SPECIALIZATION)				
	INDIAN NATIONAL MOVEMENT				
	COURSE OUTCOME (COs)				
After compl	leting this paper, the students will be able to:				
CO-1. Under	stand the history of National Movement				
CO-2. Under	CO-2. Understanding the Spirit and Patriotism and Nationalism				
CO-3. Unde	rstand the Struggle for Freedom				
CO-4. Under	stand the Ideologies of National Movement				

Title of the Paper	Internal Assessment Marks	Marks for Semester end Examination	Total Marks	Hours per week		Credits
VI.A. INDIAN GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS Paper VI -A – 1 (SPECIALIZATION) INDIAN NATIONAL MOVEMENT	25	75	100	4	4	

Unit-I: Evolution of National Movement

- 1. Historical Background: Uprisings against British Rule, Growth of Indian Nationalism.
- 2. Genesis of Indian National Congress, Its role in National Movement.

Unit-II: Ideologies and National Movement

- 1. Ideologies and National Movement : Moderates, Extremists, Home Rule Movement, Call for Diarchy
- 2. Gandhi and National Movement: Non-Cooperation 1920-22, Civil Disobedience (1930-34), Quit India (1942).

Unit-III: Formation of Indian State

- 1. Background of the formation of the Indian State : Minto –Morley (1909), Montagu Chelmsford (1919), Simon Commission(1927)
- 2. Nehru Report (1928), Government of India Act (1935), Cripps Mission Plan(1942), Lord Wavell Plan (1945), Cabinet Mission Plan(1946),

Unit-IV: Making of the Constitution

- 1. Formation of the Constitution of India: Formation of Constituent Assembly Issues of Composition, Mount Batten Plan and Partition of India, Reorganization of States.
- 2. India wins Freedom: Government of India Act 1947, Adoption and Enforcement of the Constitution of Indian Republic.

REFERENCES

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Paper

Name

Code and PG 50 T 106B : VI-B-PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION PAPER VI -B-1 (SPECIALIZATION)THEORIES OF PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

COURSE OUTCOME (COs)

After completing this paper, the students will be able to:

- CO-1. Understand some of the important and best works in the field.
- CO-2. Understand the ongoing developments in Public Administration
- CO-3. Gain Theoretical Understanding
- CO-4.Understand Governance issues

Title of the Paper	Internal Assessment Marks	Marks for Semester end Examination	Total Marks	Hours per week		Credits
VI-B-PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION PAPER VI –B-1 (SPECIALIZATION)THEORIES OF PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION	25	75	100	4	4	

Unit-I: Introduction to the Theories

- 1. Meaning, Nature and functions of theories in Public administration
- 2. Types of theory-Classical (Gullick), Neo Classical (Behavioural and Human Relations) Bureaucratic (Weber)

Unit-II: Administrative Thinkers

- 1. Importance of Administrative Thought and their Contribution to theory building
- 2. Contemporary Theories Post Modern and New Public Management Theories

Unit-III: Theory Construction in Public Administration

1. Stages - Defining Concepts, Exploring Causal Relationships, Finding Variables and Observations

2. Models and Simulations-Methods of Building and Utility

Unit-IV: Towards New Generation Public Administration

- The Limitations of Modern Public Administration: Vertical Governing, Professional Dominance, Reified bureaucracy, Placating citizens and Social complexity
- 2. Learning from Cross Cultural Perspectives

REFERENCES

- 1. Alka, Dhameja. (2003). (Ed), *Contemporary Debates in Public Administration*, New Delhi: Prentice Hall.
- 2. Arora, Ramesh., and others, (2003). *Ethics and Accountability and Government and Business*, Jaipur, Aalekha.
- 3. Dilorenzo, thomas J. (2002). *The Futility of Bureaucracy: The Free Market*, The Mises Institute Monthly.
- 4. Spicer Michael W. (2001). *Public Administration: A post modern perspective*, Albama: University of Albama Press.
- 5. Hasnat, Abdul Hye. (2001). *Governance: South Asian Perspective* (Ed) New Delhi, Manohar.
- 6. Fadia, and Fadia. (2000). *Public Administration*, New Delhi, Agra Sahitya Bhavan.
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- 10. Singh, Hoshiyar. and others, (1999). *Administrative Theory*, UP, Allahabad Kitab Mahal.

Paper Code and Name		'I – C-1 (SPE OLICY OF II DURSE OUT(CIALIZATION NDIA COME (COs)	8)			
CO-1. Learn CO-2. Unde CO-3. Under	leting this paper, the studen a about the principles and Object rstand India's relations with stand Role of Institutions in stand the dynamics of Foreign	ects of foreign p various countrie the formulation	policy of India es ns of Foreign Poli	cy of Indi	a.		
Title	of the Paper	Internal Assessment Marks	Marks for Semester end Examination	Total Marks	Hours per week		Credits
RELATIONS	: VI – C-INTERNATIONAL PAPER VI – C-1 ATION) FOREIGN POLICY	25	75	100	4	4	
 2. Basic strateg 1. Nationa 2. Interna 4. Formal military 2. Informa 	ing, objectives and philos determinants of India's gic, Economic, Political a J nit II- Objectives of Ind al Security and Economic tional Peace, containmen J nit III- Formulation of Institutions - Ministry of y, Bureaucracy. al Institutions Political tional System.	s Foreign Pol nd Cultural, dia's Foreign e developmen t of terrorism India's Fore f External Af	icy- Historical, Policy t, Political Unit and India's vie eign Policy fairs, Cabinet,	Geograp ty and ir ew of W Parliamo	phical, ntegrity orld Order. ent, Civil a	nd	
1. India	J nit IV- India's Relation a and the United States, R a – Neighbour policy, Ind	ussia, China	and the Middle				
 Malone Handbe Miller, Foreign 	<u>J</u> , Mischa., Khan, Raphaël <i>Theorizing Indian F</i> e, David M., Raja Mohan ook of Indian Foreign Po Manjari. (2014). Wrongo n Policy in India and Chi Kanti P., & Pant, Harsh	Foreign Policy , C., & Ragh licy. UK: Ox ed by Empire na. UK: Stan	lant, Mélissa. (I y. UK: Routled havan, Srinath. ford University <i>: Post-Imperia</i> ford University	ge. (2015). Press. <i>l Ideolog</i> Press.	The Oxford	1	

India: OUP.

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- 9. Sikri, Rajiv. (2009). *Challenge and Strategy Rethinking India's Foreign Policy*. New Delhi: SAGE Publications India Pvt Ltd.
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Paper		PG 5	0T106D: VI-D					
Code and	COMPARATIVE	COMPARATIVE GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS PAPER VI – D-1						
Name		(SPECIALIZATION)						
	COMPARATIVE (COMPARATIVE GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS: A THEORETICAL						
		PERSPECTIVE						
	CC	DURSE OUT	COME (COs)					
After comp	leting this paper, the studen	ts will be able	to:					
	pare the cross nation relations							
	comparatives studies							
	rtake research in Comparative	e Politics and G	overnments					
CO-4.Develo	op analytical skills to study							
Title	of the Paper	Internal Assessment Marks	Marks for Semester end Examination	Total Marks	Hours per week		Credits	
AND POLIT 1(SPECIALIZ COMPARAT POLITICS: A PERSPECTI	TVE GOVERNMENT AND A THEORETICAL VE	25	75	100	4	4		
U T	J nit-I: Introduction							
*	ative Politics : Meaning, ative Politics	Nature, Scop	be, Importance	and G	rowth of			

2. Approaches to the Study of Comparative Politics : Traditional and Modern

Unit-II: Constitution and Constitutionalism

- 1. Constitution Meaning, Types, limitations and Historical Perspective of Constitution.
- 2. Constitutionalism- Meaning and concept of Constitutionalism, Problems and Prospects of Constitutionalism

Unit-III: Modern Legislatures (with reference to UK, USA and Switzerland)

- 1. Growth, Importance, Organization, Functions.
- 2. Unicameralism and Bicameralism, Law making procedure, Decline of Legislature.

Unit-IV: Modern Executive and Judiciary

1. Nature, Functions and Types of Executive.

2. Judiciary, Judicial Review, Rule of Law: Organization and Functions

<u>REFERENCES</u>

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- Almond, Gabriel A., & G. Bingham Powell, (1975). Comparative Politics A Developmental Approach. New Delhi: Oxford &IBH Publishing Company.
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Paper	PG 50T201.						
Code and Name	PAPER-VII (COMPULSORY)						
	MEDIEVAL INDIAN POLITICAL THOUGHT						
COURSE OUTCOME (COs)							
	leting this paper, the students will be able to:						
	background knowledge in the classical texts						
CO-2. Devel	CO-2. Develop interest in reading the original works, the debates						
CO-3. Gain	knowledge about the Historical Contributions						
CO-4. Under	rstand the socio religious movements						

Title of the Paper	Internal Assessment Marks	Marks for Semester end Examination	Total Marks	Hours per week	Credits
MEDIEVAL INDIAN POLITICAL THOUGHT	25	75	100	4	4
Unit-I – Introduction to 1. Introduction: History of Mediev 16 th Century)	al India – Ea	rly and Late M	edieva	• 、	
2. Sources and features: Historical Historical Writings, Tariquiq H Batuta, Shahnama (10th century Unit-II- Kingdoms and t	lind Al-Beru) by Firdausi	ni, Tuhfat-un-) (13 th to 16 th C	Nuzza	r fi Gharibi-	•
 Middle Kingdoms of India: Ra contribution Late and early Modern Period: E 	ashtrakoota,	Pallava, Chola			
Unit-III–Theistic and So 1. Administration: Importance of 2. Vedanta School of Thought – S Unit-IV– Socio- Religiou 1. Bhakti Movement - Vachanas Kanakadasa. 2. Sufi Movement in India – Feat Guru Nanak and Shishunal Sh	Theology, M Shankarachary s Movement and Dasa Sal tures and Cor	ilitary and Reve ya, Madhvachan s nitya – Sarvagn	rya and a, Bas	<u>d Ramanujac</u> avanna, Pura	harya. ndaradasa,
	<u>REFERE</u>	ENCES			
 Avari, Burjor. (2016). India: The C. 7000 BCE to CE 1200. (2nd 6) Farooqui, Salma Ahmed. (2011) Twelfth to the Mid-Eighteenth C Chandra, Satish. (2010). Historic Publications. Gommans, Jos J. L. (2002). Ma 1500-1700. London: Routledge. Keay, John. (2000). India: A Hist Lal, K. S. (1999). Theory and Prakashan. Sarkar, Jadunath. (1997). Fall Longman. 	edn), London 1). <i>A Comp</i> <i>Century</i> . Lond <i>cography, Rel</i> <i>ughal Warfard</i> <i>story</i> . Harper <i>d practice of</i>	: Routledge. rehensive Hist on: Pearson Ed ligion and State e: Indian Front Collins, f Muslim state	ory o ucatio in Ma tiers a in In	f Medieval . n. edieval India nd Highroad ndia. New D	India: From , Har-Anand Is to Empire, Delhi: Aditya

- 8. Harle, J.C. (1994). The Art and Architecture of the Indian Subcontinent. (2nd ed). Yale University Press: Pelican History of Art,
- 9. Misra, R. G. (1993). Indian resistance to early Muslim invaders up to 1206 AD. Meerut City: Anu Books.
- 10. Elliot and Dowson. (1990). The History of India as told by its own Historians. New Delhi: reprint.

Paper Code and **PG 50 T 202. PAPER-VIII** Name (COMPULSORY) MEDIEVAL WESTERN POLITICAL THOUGHT **COURSE OUTCOME (COs)** After completing this paper, the students will be able to:

CO-1. Understand the growth of State and its influence

CO-2. Know the development of institutions such as the legal system and the universities during this period. CO-3. Can critically evaluate the strong relationship during this period between philosophy and religion CO-4.Understand Transitory Period & Political Theory of Reformation.

Title of the Paper	Internal Assessment Marks	Marks for Semester end Examination	Total Marks	Hours per week		Credits
MEDIEVAL WESTERN POLITICAL THOUGHT	25	75	100	4	4	

Unit-I: The Early Church and its Political Theory

- 1. The Establishment of the Church, Comparison between the Roman Empire and the Roman Catholic Church
- 2. Christianity and Political Thought

Unit-II: Political Theory of Fathers of the Church

- 1. St. Augustine: (De Civitate Dei) Features of two cities Feudalism: Meaning, Features and importance
- 2. St. Thomas Aquinas: (De Regimine Principum and Commentary on Aristotle's Politics) Classification of Laws, Temporal and Spiritual Power

Unit-III: Church – State Controversy

- 1. Marsiglio of Padua (Defensor Pacis) State and Sovereignty
- 2. Dante Alighieri (De Monarchia): Universal Monarchy; Conciliar Movement: Meaning, aims, objectives and significance

Unit-IV: Transitory Period & Political Theory of Reformation.

- 1. Machiavelli (The Prince): Human Nature, the Prince, Morality & Religion
- 2. Martin Luther (of Secular Authority, How far is Obedience Due): Passive Obedience and the Right to Resist.John Calvin (Institutes of the Christian Religion): Passive Obedience, Origin and Functions of Civil Government.

<u>REFERENCES</u>

- 1. Nelson, Brian R. (2015). *Western Political Thought from Socrates to the Age of Ideology*. (2nd Ed). London: Pearson.
- 2. Bhandari, D.R. (1986). *History of European Political Philosophy*. Bangalore: Bangalore Printing and Publication.
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- 4. Suda, J.P. (1973). *History of Political Thought*. Volumes I & II, Meerut: K.Nath & Co.
- 5. Sabine, G.H. (1969). A History of Political Theory. London: George G. Harrap.
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- 7. Butterfield, H. (1962). The Statecraft of Machiavelli. New York: Collier.
- 8. Ebenstein, William. (1951). *Great Political Thinkers: Plato to the Present*. London: Rinehart Publication.
- 9. Hearnshaw, F.J.C. (1923). *The Social and Political Ideas of Medieval Thinkers*. New Yark: Henry Holt & Company.
- 10. Waring, L.H. (1910). The Political Theories of Martin Luther. New York:

Paper Code and Name PG 50T203. PAPER-IX COMPULSORY INDIAN GOVERNMENT AND ADMINISTRATION COURSE OUTCOME (COs)

After completing this paper, the students will be able to:

CO-1. Learn the broad areas of political science and public administration

CO-2. Gain a clear and critical understanding about India's Constitution, its framing and the processes involved in realizing its goals and objectives.

CO-3. understand the necessity of a government and the difference between a government and administrative machinery.

CO-4. Able to read the Constitution, its socio-political and ideological basis and its relationship with the society.

Title of the Paper	Internal Assessment Marks	Marks for Semester end Examination	Total Marks	Hours per week	Credits
INDIAN GOVERNMENT AND ADMINISTRATION	25	75	100	4	4

Unit-I: Indian Government and Administration

- 1. Significance of the Indian Model of Political System and its constitutional philosophy
- 2. Federalism, centre-state relations and interstate relations

Unit-II: Dichotomy in government and Administration

- 1. Policy making Cabinet, Legislature, Executive Vs. Bureaucracy
- 2. Policy implementation and evaluation Process –NDC, Niti Ayog, Secretariat, Revenue Administration

Unit-III: Governability Crisis and Citizen Role

- 1. Crisis of Governability, Ethical Values in Administration
- 2. Coalition and Instability, Transparency in Administration, Citizen's Charter

Unit-IV: E- Governance

- 1. Information Technology and Administrative accountability
- 2. Impact of Globalisation on administration, E-Governance: Problems and Prospects.

<u>REFERENCES</u>

- 1. Bhattacharya, Mohit. (2019). *New Horizons of Public Administration*. (Rev. Ed). New Dehli: Jawahar Publishers & Distributors.
- 2. Roy, Himanshu., & Singh, M P. (2018). Indian Political System. London, Pearson.
- 3. Myneni, S.R. (2016). Principles of Public Administration. UP: Allahabad Law Agency.
- 4. De Vries, Michiel S. (2016). Understanding Public Administration. (1st Ed). London: Palgrave Macmillan.
- 5. Arora, R. K. (2012). *Indian Public Adminstration Institutions and Issues*. (3rd Ed). New Delhi: New Age International Publishers LTD.
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- 7. Chakrabarty, Bidyut., & Panday, Rajendra Kumar. (2008). *Indian Government and Politics*. New Delhi: SAGE Publications India Pvt.
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Paper
Code and
NamePG 50T204 : PAPER -X COMPULSORY
CONTEMPORARY ISSUES IN INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS
COURSE OUTCOME (COs)

After completing this paper, the students will be able to:

CO-1. improve critical thinking and writing skills of the students and demonstrate their ability to understand and describe the social, political, and economic forces that influence social behaviour and the global system

CO-2. Enhance the comprehension skills of students leading to discussions, simulations, and policy papers based on the course

CO-3. Understand State System in a Globalized world and the role of Non-state Actors.

CO-4. Environmental Concerns in International Relations

Title of the Paper	Internal Assessment Marks	Marks for Semester end Examination	Total Marks	Hours per week		Credits
CONTEMPORARY ISSUES IN INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS	25	75	100	4	4	

Unit- I: Globalization: Concepts and Perspectives

- 1. Globalization: Meaning, State System in a Globalized world and the role of Non-state Actors.
- 2. Challenges before Global Democracy and Global Civil Society: Recent developments

Unit-II: International Relations and Information Revolution

- 1. Impact of Information Revolution on International Relations and Challenges before Policy making
- 2. International Security: Concepts, threats and effects on international political Economy

Unit-III: Environmental Concerns in International Relations

- 1. Environmental Agenda, issues and challenges: from the Stockholm to Johannesburg
- 2. Women and Environment: Gender Issues, Transnational Women's Movement, Perspectives of the Developing Nations

Unit-IV: Terrorism and Human Rights

- 1. Causes and consequences of Terrorism: New developments
- 2. The New Economic Order and the Human Rights

<u>REFERENCES</u>

- 1. Chatterjee, Aneek. (2018). *International Relations Today*. New Yark: Pearson Education.
- 2. Basu, Rumki. (2017). *International Politics: Concepts, Theories and Issues*. New Dehli: SAGE Publications Pvt. Ltd.
- 3. Khanna, V.N. (2013). *International Relations*. New Dehli: Vikas Publishing House.
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Dehli: Rutledge.

- 5. Salmon, Trevor C., & Imber, Mark F. (ed.). (2008). *Issues in International Relations*. New York: Routledge.
- 6. Wilkinson, Paul. (2007) International Relations A Very Short Introduction. USA: Oxford University Press.
- 7. Forsythe, David P. (2006). *Human rights in international relations*. UK: Cambridge University Press.
- 8. Soumyen, Sikdar. (2006). Contemporary Issues in Globalization An Introduction to Theory and Policy in India. India: OUP.
- 9. Brown, Chris., & Ainsley, Kirsten. (2005). Understanding international relations. New Yark: Palgrave Macmillan.
- 10.Erskine, Toni.(2004). Can Institutions Have Responsibilities?: Collective Moral Agency and International Relations (Global Issues). USA: Palgrave Macmillan.

Paper Code and

Name

OEC (Human Rights). PAPER-XI (OPEN ELECTIVE) HUMAN RIGHTS: THEORY AND PRACTICE COURSE OUTCOM (COs)

After completing this paper, the students will be able to:

CO-1. understand the contentious relationship between human rights and economic development;

CO-2. Understand historical contexts and the modern idea of human rights including the debate between universality and cultural relativism, between civil and human rights, between individual and community, drawing on real life examples from current affairs.

CO-3. Give an insight in to the policy issues connected to human rights and their operational procedures.

CO-4.Understand Human Rights Mechanisms and Responsibility

Title of the Paper	Internal Assessment Marks	Marks for Semester end Examination	Total Marks	Hours per week		Credits
(OPEN ELECTIVE) HUMAN RIGHTS: THEORY AND PRACTICE	25	75	100	4	4	

Unit-I: Understanding Human Rights and Theory

- 1. Defining Human Rights, Difference between Rights and Obligations
- 2. Theories of Rights Views of John Locke, J.S. Mill, H.J. Laski, Mahatma Gandhi and B.R.Ambedkar.

Unit-II: Evolution of Human Rights and its Dimensions

- 1. Evolution of the concept of Human Rights Universal Declaration of Human Rights and International Covenants thereon
- 2. Human Rights Dimensions Rights of Women, Children, Minorities, the subalterns and right to development

Unit-III: Human Rights Mechanisms and Responsibility

- 1. Human Rights Monitoring Mechanisms United Nations System, Judiciary, International Court of Justice
- 2. Human Rights and Social Responsibility Role of Education, NGOs, Media, Civil Society

Unit-IV: Human Rights and the Constitution

- 1. Human Rights and the Constitution of India National and State Human Rights Commissions in India
- 2. Human Rights Violations case studies of Kashmir, Israel and Palestine, Rohingya's of Myanmar, Syrian conflict.

<u>REFERENCES</u>

- 1. Ansari, M.R. (2006). Protecting Human Rights. New Delhi : Maxford Books.
- 2. Ray, Arun. (2005). *National Human Rights Commission of India*. Delhi : Khama Publishers.
- 3. Rajindra, Sachar. (2004). *Human Rights: Perspectives and challenges*. New Delhi: Gyan Publishing House.
- 4. J O'Byrne, Darren. (2003). Human Rights: an introduction. Delhi: Pearson Education.
- 5. Sinha, P.C. (2003). *India's Human Rights Regime (Two Parts)*. New Delhi : Kanishka Publishers.
- 6. Saksena K.P., (Ed.). (2003). *Human Rights and the Constitution : Vision and the Reality*. Ne Delhi: Gyan Publishing House.
- 7. Vinod, Sharma. (2002). *Human Rights Violations : A Global Phenomenon*.New Delhi : A.P.H.
- 8. Mamta, Rajwath. (Ed.). (2001). Burning Issue of Human Rights. Delhi : Kalpaz.
- 9. Chandra, Umesh. (2000). Human Rights. Allahabad : Allahabad Law Agency Publications.
- 10. Borgonain, B. (1999). *Human Rights: Social Justice and Political Challenges*. New Delhi: Kanishka Publishers.

Paper
Code and
NamePG 50T206A : XII – A- INDIAN GOVERNMENT AND POLITICSPAPER XII – A – II (SPECIALIZATION)

MAKING OF THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA

COURSE OUTCOME (COs)

After completing this paper, the students will be able to:

- CO-1. Understand the efforts of Constitution makers
- CO-2. Understand the Philosophy of the Constitution
- CO-3. Develop the ability to be the responsible citizens

CO-4. Understand the debates of the Constituent assembly

Title of the Paper	Internal Assessment Marks	Marks for Semester end Examination	Tota 	lours per week		Credits
INDIAN GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS PAPER XII –A –II (SPECIALIZATION) MAKING OF THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA	25	75	100	4	4	

Unit-I: Making of the Constitution

- 1. Historical Background of the Constituent Assembly, Composition, Functions and various Committees
- 2. Enforcement of the Constitution Salient Features of Indian
 - Constitution

Unit-II: Philosophy of the Constitution

- 1. The Preamble, Fundamental Rights and Duties, Directive Principles of State Policies
- 2. Gandhian, Liberal and Socialistic Principles An Evaluation

Unit-III: Structure of the Government

- 1. Federalism Structure and Functioning, Powers of Parliament-Quality of Debates and Composition
- 2. Decentralized Governance Philosophy, Responsibility and Institutional structure, Evaluation of their functioning

Unit-IV: Institutions

- 1. Indian Judiciary Judicial review, Public Interest Litigation, Judicial Activism
- 2. Lok Pal and Lok Ayukta, Communalism and Evaluation of Working of Indian Constitution

<u>REFERENCES</u>

- 1. Bakshi, P. M. (2019). Constitution of India. New Dehli: Universal.
- **2.** Agrawal. P.K., & Guptal, Virag. (2019). *The Constitution of India*. New Dehli: Prabhat Prakashan.
- **3.** Basu, D D. (2018). *Introduction to the Constitution of India*. New Dehli: Lexis Nexis; Twenty-Third.
- 4. Pal, S. (2015). *India'S Constitution –Origins And Evolution*. New Dehli: Lexis Nexis.
- **5.** Subhash, Kashyap. (2015). *Concise Encylcopedia of Indian Constitution*. Mubai: Orient Paperbacks.
- **6.** Rama, Jois. (2014). *Legal and Constitutional History of India*. UP: Universal Law Publishing Co Ltd.
- 7. Atlantic Research Division, (2012). *Constitutional Democracy and Government in India*. Channai: Atlantic.
- 8. Pandey, Ashwani. (2012). *Making of the constitution of india*. New Dehli: Abhijeet Publication.
- **9.** Ashutosh, Kumar. (2011). *Indian Constitution and Its Features*. Bengaluru: Anmol Publications Pvt Ltd.
- **10.** Agarwal R.C., & Bhatnagar, Mahesh. (2006). *Constitutional Development and National Movement in India*. New Dehli: S Chand & Co Ltd.

Paper Code and Name	PG 50T206B : XII-B-PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION Paper-XII-B-2 (SPECIALIZATION) PUBLIC PERSONNEL ADMINISTRATION
	COURSE OUTCOME (COs)
After compl	eting this paper, the students will be able to:

CO-1. sharpen the student's intellect in understanding the need and importance of the line and staff.

CO-2. Understand Administrative Procedure CO-3. Know about Types of Career Planning

CO-4. Distinguish between Theory and I	Practice of Pub	lic Administratio	n			
Title of the Paper	Internal Assessment Marks	Marks for Semester end Examination	Tota l	Hours per week		Credits
XII-B-PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION Paper-XII-B-2 (SPECIALIZATION) PUBLIC PERSONNEL ADMINISTRATION	25	75	100	4	4	
Unit-I: Nature of Public 1. Nature, Scope and Importance of 2. Factors influencing Personnel P Position-Position Classification	of Public Persolicies, Class	onnel Administ ification of	tration			
Unit-II: Types of Career 1. Recruitment Process and Meth Planning. 2. Promotion: Methods, Benefits,	ods, Merit, M		ŗ			
 Unit-III: Administrative 1. Discipline, Punishment and C in administration. 2. Transfers – Methods and Cha Commissions, 	Code of Condu			;		
Unit-IV: Essentials of Pu 1. Generalists vs. Specialists Del 2. Corruption – Forms of corrupt	oate, Grievano	ce redressal Me	chanis			
	<u>REFERE</u>	ENCES				
 Maheshwari, S.R. (2001). India Sharma, M.P., & Sadana, B.I. (<i>Practice</i>. New Delhi: Kitab Ma Gadakari, S.G., & Kolhatkar, M <i>administration</i>. Delhi: Allied. Ramchandran, Padma. (1998). Gupta, M.C., & Tiwari, R.K. (I Delhi: IIPA. 	(2001). <i>Public</i> ahal. M.R. (Ed.). (20 <i>Public Admir</i> Eds.). (1998).	c Administration 000). Innovatio nistration. New Restructuring (n in Th n in pı Delhi: Goveri	neory and ublic NBT. nment. New	L .	
6. Bhattacharya, Mohit. (1997). <i>R</i> <i>Rehabilitation</i> . New Delhi: Jav		public Administ	tration	: Essays in		

- 7. Chaturvedi, T.N. (Ed.). (1996). *Contemporary Administrative Culture of India*. New Delhi: I.I. P.A.
- 8. Radhey, Sham. (1993). *Public Personnel Administration*. Delhi: Forward Book Depot.
- 9. Singh, Hoshiyar., & Singh, D.P. (Ed.). (1990). *Indian Administration*. Jaipur: Alekh pub.

10. Goel, S.L. (1987). *Public Personnel Administration*. New Delhi: Sterling publishers.

PaperPG50T206C : XII-C-INTERNATIONAL RELATIONSCode and
NamePAPER-XII-C-2 (SPECIALIZATION) DIPLOMACY: THEORY AND
PRACTICE

COURSE OUTCOME (COs)

After completing this paper, the students will be able to:

CO-1. Develop skills of diplomatic language, etiquettes through a classroom discussion

CO-2. Take up research in Diplomacy

CO-3. Understand the role of Diplomacy in International Relations

CO-4.Unrstand Globalization and Changing Nature of Diplomacy

Title of the Paper	Internal Assessment Marks	Marks for Semester end Examination	Tota I	Hours per week		Credits
XII-C-INTERNATIONAL	25	75	100	4	Δ	
RELATIONS	25	15	100		-	
PAPER-XII-C-2						
(SPECIALIZATION)						
DIPLOMACY: THEORY AND						
PRACTICE						

Unit-I: Introduction

- 1. Meaning, Nature, Evolution and Objectives of Diplomacy
- 2. Classification of Diplomats and Consuls, Functions of Diplomacy

Unit-II: Techniques of Diplomacy

- 1. Recruitment of Diplomats and Consuls, Establishment of Consular Relations and Diplomatic Privileges and Immunities
- 2. Techniques and Instruments of Diplomacy, Formation of Treaties, its Interpretation and Termination, Diplomacy and UN

Unit-III: Types of Diplomacy
1. Diplomacy Types – Conference, Summit, Consultative or Collective and
Personal Diplomacy
2. Traditional or Bilateral Diplomacy, Modern or Multilateral Diplomacy, Cultural
Diplomacy
Unit-IV: Diplomacy and International law
1. Role of Diplomacy and International law, Globalization and Changing
Nature of Diplomacy
2. Diplomacy, Security and Mediation, Diplomacy in the Age of Terrorism
<u>REFERENCES</u>
1. Sahay, Paramjit. (2019). Indian Cultural Diplomacy: Celebrating Pluralism in
a Globalised World. India: VIJ Books.
2. Saran, Shyam. (2018). How India Sees the World: Kautilya to the 21st Century.
New Dehli: juggernaut.
3. Bjola, Corneliu., & Kornprobst, Markus. (2018). Understanding International
Diplomacy: Theory, Practice and Ethics. New Yark: Routledge.
4. Alison, Holmes. (2016). <i>Global Diplomacy</i> . Bengaluru: Taylor & Francis Inc.
5. Berridge, G. R. (2015). Diplomacy Theory and Practice. UK: Palgrave
Macmillan.
6. Cooper, Andrew., Heine, Jorge. & Thakur, Ramesh. (2013). The Oxford
Handbook of Modern Diplomacy. London: Oxford University Press.
7. Rana, Kishan S. (2011). 21st Century Diplomacy: A Practitioner's Guide. New
Yark: Continuum.
8. Hamilton, Keith., & Langhorne, Richard. (2010). The Practice of Diplomacy:
Its Evolution, Theory and Administration. UK: Routledge.
9. Kissinger, Henry. (1995). <i>Diplomacy</i> . New Yark: Simon & Schuster.
10. Thompson, Kenneth W. (1992). Traditions And Values In Politics And
Diplomacy Theory and Practice. US: Louisiana.

Paper	PG 50 T 206 D : Paper-XII-D-2 (SPECIALIZATION)
Code and	UNITARY AND FEDERAL GOVERNMENTS.
Name	(JAPAN AND CHINA, AMERICA AND SWITZERLAND)

COURSE OUTCOME (COs)

After completing this paper, the students will be able to: CO-1. make comparisons of federal and unitary systems, CO-2. Understand Constitution and Constitutionalism

- CO-3. Know about world Constitutions

CO-4. Take up research in comparative government and politics.

Title of the Paper	Internal Assessment Marks	Marks for Semester end Examination	Tota I	Hours per week	Croms	Credits	
Paper-XII-D-2	25	75	100	4	4		
(SPECIALIZATION) UNITARY AND FEDERAL							
GOVERNMENTS.							
(JAPAN AND CHINA, AMERICA							
AND SWITZERLAND							
Unit-I: Introduction							
1. Nature, Scope and Significan	ce of the stud	ly of Compara	tive G	overnment a	nd		
Politics 2. Approaches to the Study of	f Comparativ	a Government	and	Politics	Tradition	v a1	
(Philosophical, Historical and	.						
Economic)	na montation	nur) wodern		510 <u>5</u> 10 <u>4</u> 1, 13	yenologie	uı,	
Unit-II: Constitution and	d Constitutio	nalism					
1. Comparative Analysis of the Switzerland.			ons of	f Japan, Chi	na,U.S.A a	nd	
2. Constitution and Constitution	nalism: Struc	ture and Fun	ctions	, Elements	of		
Constitutionalism (Governmer	nt according	to the constit	ution;	separation	of		
power; sovereignty of the people	ople and den	nocratic govern	nment	; constitution	nal		
review; independent judiciar	y; limited g	government su	ıbject	to a bill	of		
individual)							
Unit-III: Structure of th			C 1				
1. Executive, Legislature and J Switzerland	Judiciary - U	nique Features	s of J	lapan, China	i, U.S.A,		
2. Political Culture and Political	Values of Iar	an China US	Λ ς	vitzerland			
Unit-IV: Politics and Pol	.	· · · · ·	.A, 3v	vitzerialiu			
1. Politics and Political Develop			ern of	Voting, Poli	cv		
Making and Functioning of F				-	•		
Switzerland	I [-		1 7	,	,		
2. Political Process and Media	- Elections,	, Foreign Polic	cy and	d Leadersh	ip,		
Media and Its Role in Politics	in Japan, Chi	na, U.S.A, Swi	tzerlar	nd.			
	<u>REFERE</u>	ENCES					
1. Vile, John R. (2015). The Unite	d States Cons	titution. New Y	ark: F	Palgrave Mac	millan.		
2. Bhagwan, Vishnoo., Bhushan, V				•			
New Dehli: Sterling Publication							
3. Galanti, Sigal Ben-Rafael., & O	-			Multilayered	Democrae	су	
(New Studies in Modern Japan)		-					
4. Brooker, Paul. (2013). Non-Den	nocratic Regi	mes (Comparat	tive Go	overnment an	nd Politics).	
US: Red Globe Press.							

- 5. Kriesi, Hanspeter. & Trechsel, Alexander H. (2008). The Politics of Switzerland: Continuity and Change in a Consensus Democracy. London: Cambridge University Press.
- 6. Treisman, Daniel. (2007). The Architecture of Government. New York: Cambridge University Press.
- 7. Hague, Rod. & Harrop, Martin. (2004). Comparative Government and Politics. New York: Palgrave Macmillan.
- 8. Saich, Tony. & Wright. Vincent. (2004). Governance and Politics of China. UK: Palgrave Macmillan.
- 9. Hickey, James. (1996). Government Structures in the U.S.A. and the Sovereign States of the Former U.S.S.R.: Power Allocation Among Central, Regional, and Local Governments. Praeger Publishers Inc.
- 10. Bowles, Nigel. (1993). The Government and Politics of the United States. UK: Macmillan Education.

Paper Code and Name	PG 50T301.: PAPER-XIII (COMPULSORY) MODERN INDIAN POLITICAL THOUGHT						
	CO	URSE OUTC	COMES (COs)				
CO 1 –Unde	After completing this paper, the students will be able to: CO 1 –Understand Modern Indian Political Thought						
CO 3- Unde	CO 2- Know about theories propounded by modern Indian thinkers CO 3- Understand the Ideologies of Indian thinkers CO 4-Make Comparative studies and research						
Title of the PaperInternal Assessment MarksMarks for Semester end ExaminationInternal Hours Ref						Credits	
Modern In Thought	ndian Political	25	75	100	4	4	

Paper Code and	PG 50T302.: PAPER-XIV (COMPULSORY)
	n, Jayaprakash. (1964). Sicialism, Sarvodaya and Democracy: selected works 7: Asia Publication.
	V.P. (1978). Modern Indian Political Thought. Agra: Laxmi Narain Agrawal.
-	publishers Pvt. Ltd.
	Reddy, A.V. (1984). Political Philosophy of Swami Vivekananda. Bangalore
2	n). Bangalore: Sterling publishers Pvt. Ltd.
	ev Raj. (1988). Modern Indian Thought (From Rammohan Roy to Jayaprakas
Delhi: S	
	S. (1988). Netaji Subhash Chandra Bose, His Contribution to Indian Nationalism
	r, Grover. (1990). Modern Indian Thinkers. (30 Vols), New Delhi: Deep and Deep.
	B., & Ram, Jagjivan. (1992). The Harijan Leader. New Delhi : Anmol Publication
3. Sharma	, U. (1997). Modern Indian Political Thought. Agra: Laxmi Narain Agarwal.
2. Sharma	, U. (1997). Modern Indian Political Thought. Agra: Laxmi Narain Agarwal.
1. Gupta,	Ram Chandar. (1999). Indian Political Thought. Agra: Laxmi Narain Agarwal.
	<u>REFERENCES</u>
	3. Dr.Ambedkar and Dr.Jagajivan Ram: Theory of Social Justice
	2. Ram Manohar Lohia: Socialism, Four Pillar State.
	1. Jayaprakash Narayan: Total Revolution
	Unit-IV: Socialist Thinkers
	3. Swami Vivekananda: Spiritual Nationalism
	2. Jawahar Lal Nehru: Democratic Socialism
	1. M.N. Roy: Radical Humanism
	Unit-III: Secular Spiritual Thinkers
	3. Moulana Abul Kalam Azad and Mohamad Iqbal: Their Political Ideas
	2. Mahatma Gandhi: Theory of State and Satyagraha
	1. Gopal Krishna Gokhale: Constitutionalism
	Unit-II: Liberal Traditionalists
	 Subhash Chandra Bose: Revolutionary Nationalism V.D. Savarkar : National Integrity and Patriotism
	1. Bal Ganghadhar Tilak: Revolutionary Nationalism
	1 D 1 C 1 H T 1 D 1 C V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V

CONTEMPORARY WESTERN POLITICAL THOUGHT

COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)
After completing this paper, the students will be able to:

- CO 1- Understand the foundational aspects of Modern Governments
- CO 2- Understand the ideas of Political Thinkers
- CO 3- Make comparative studies
- CO 4- Take up research in Western Political thought.

Title of the Paper		Marks for Semester end Examination	Total Marks	Hours per week	Credits
Contemporary Western Political Thought	25	75	100	4	4

Unit-I: Contractualists

- 1. Thomas Hobbes (The Leviathan): Social Contract and Absolute Sovereignty
- 2. John Locke- (Two Treatises on Government): Social Contract, Natural Rights, Property and Right of Revolution
- 3. Jean Jacques Rousseau- (Social Contract): Social Contract and Theory of General will

Unit-II: Theory of Separation of Powers, Conservatism & Utilitarianism

- 1. Charles De Montesquieu(The Spirit of Laws) : Liberty and Theory of Separation of Powers
- 2. Edmund Burke (Reflections on the French Revolution and Speeches on the American Revolution) : Theory of State, Conservatism
- Jeremy Bentham: (Fragment on Government) –Utilitarianism;
 J.S. Mill: (On Liberty, Representative Government) –Liberty, Representative Government.

Unit-III: Idealists

- 1. Immanuel Kant (Metaphysical First Principles of the Theory of Law, For Perpetual Peace) : Moral Freedom, State
- 2. G.W.F. Hegel (Outline of the Philosophy of Right) : Dialectic Interpretation of History and State
- 3. T.H. Green (Principles of Political Obligation): Positive Freedom, State and Political Obligation.

Unit-IV: Socialists

- 1. Karl Marx (The Communist Manifesto) : Materialistic Interpretation of History, Communism
- 2. V.I. Lenin (State and Revolution) : Theory of Revolution, Democratic Centralism
- 3. Harold J. Laski -(State in Theory and in Practice): Pluralist theory of Sovereignty, State and Rights

<u>REFERENCES</u>

- 1. Nelson, Brian R. (2004). Western Political Thought From Socrates to the Age of Ideology. Delhi: Pearson Education.
- 2. Mukherjee, Subrata., & Ramaswamy, Sushila. (1999). *A History of Political Thought: Plato to Marx.* New Delhi: Prentice Hall.
- 3. Wolff, Jonathan. (1996). An Introduction to Political Philosophy. New Delhi: OUP.
- 4. Dunning, W.A. (1976). *A History of Political Philosophies*. (Vol. 3) Allhabad: Central Book Depot.
- 5. Suda, J.P. (1973). Modern Political Thought. Meerut: K.Nath & Co.
- 6. Coker, Francis W. (1962). Recent Political Thought. Calcutta: World publication.
- 7. Ebenstein, William. (1960). *Modern Political Thought: Great Issues*. New York: Holt publication.
- 8. Hallowell, J.H. (1959). *Main Currents in Modern Political Thought*. New York: Holt publication.
- 9. Sabine, G.H. (1951). A History of Political Theory. London: George G.Harrap.
- 10. Spahr, Margaret. (Ed.). (1948). *Readings in Recent Political philosophy*. New York: Macmillan.

Paper

Code and Name

PG 50T303.: PAPER-XV (COMPULSORY) CONTEMPORARY POLITICAL THEORIES

COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

After completing this paper, the students will be able to:

CO 1- Offer rationale explanations to the political changes and develop professionalism.

CO 2- Develop theoretical knowledge in the discipline

CO 3- Develop a critical skill to analyse an occurrence

CO 4- Analyze the political developments systematically

Title of the Paper		Marks for Semester end Examination	Total Marks	Hours per week	Credits
Contemporary Political Theories	25	75	100	4	4

Unit-I Political Theory:

- 1. 1. Defining Political Theory, its emergence, Inter disciplinary character of political Theory, Process of theorization
- 2. Positivism, Post Modernism, Cultural Studies

Unit-II Recent Theories in Political Science

- 1. Civil Society: Hegel and Gramsci, Multi Cultural Societies
- 2. Post Colonialism: Edward Said, Gayatri Spivak,

Unit-III Perspectives on Democracy

- 1. Public Sphere: Jurgen Habermas, Justice as fairness: John Rawls
- 2. Theories of Alienation, Terrorism

Unit-IV Global Theory; Emerging Issues

- 1. Globalization and Global Political Theory David Held
- 2. End of History: Francis Fukuyama; Human Rights Emerging Trends

- 1. Joseph, Sarah. (2006). Political Theory and Power. New Delhi: Foundation Books.
- 2. Beteille, Andre. (2006). *Ideology and Social Science*. New Delhi: Penguin Books.
- 3. Brass, Paul R. & Vanaik, Achin. (eds.). (2002). *Competing Nationalism in South Asia*. New Delhi: Orient Longmans.
- 4. Seidman, Steven., & Alexander, Jeffery C. (2001). *The New Social theory reader*. New York.
- 5. Bhargava, Rajeev. (1998). Secularism: A Critic. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- 6. Barry, Norman P. (1998). *An Introduction to Modern Political Theory*. London: Mc Millan.
- 7. Bronner, Stephen Eric. (1997). *Twentieth Century Political Theory A Reader*. New York and London: Routledge.
- 8. Chaterjee, Partha. (1997). *Nationalism and its Fragments*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- 9. Said, Edward W. (1995). Orientalism. New Delhi: Penguin Books.
- Chohen, J.L., & Arato, A. (1992). *Civil Society and Political Theory*. Cambridge: M.I.T. Pres.

Paper Code and Name	PG 50T304.: PAPER XVI (COMPULSORY): modern political analysis	
	COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)	

After completing this paper, the students will be able to:

CO 1- Develop a strategic approach to understand the Politics

CO 2- Understand the Dynamics of Politics

CO 3-Analyze the Political Events

Co 4-Interpret the political Developments

Title of the Paper	Internal Assessment Marks	Marks for Semester end Examination	Total Marks	Hours per week		Credits	
Modern Political Analysis	25	75	100	4	4		
Unit-I: Introduction to Political Analysis							

Unit-1: Introduction to Political Analysis

- 1. Traditional and Modern views about the meaning of Politics
- 2. Major Approaches to Political Analysis ,Significance of Political Analysis

Unit-II: Characteristics and Classifications of Political Systems

- 1. Characteristics of a Political System ,David Easton's Input and Output Analysis
- 2. Gabriel Almond's classification of Political Systems, Theory of Structural-Functionalism

Unit-III: Political Participation

- 1. Political Participation and its Significance, Factors Influencing Political participation,
- 2. Modes of Participation, Political Apathy

Unit-IV: Political Culture and Socialization

- 1. Political Culture and Types, Political Socialization and Agents of Political Socialization
- 2. Lucian Pye's Development Syndrome, David Apter's Paradigm of the Developing Countries,Inter–Connection between Political Decay and Political Development

- 1. Jayapalan. (2002). Comprehensive Modern Political Analysis. New Delhi: Atlantic.
- 2. Ray, S.N. (1999). Modern Comparative Politics. New Delhi: Prentice Hall of India.
- 3. Jangam, R.T., & others. (1997). Modern Political Analysis. New Delhi: Oxford & IBH.
- 4. Dahl, R.A. (1997). Modern political analysis. New Delhi: Printice Hall of India.
- 5. Dahl, R.A., & others. (1997). *Readings in Modern Political Analysis*. New Jersey: Printice Hall.
- 6. Gandhi, M.G. (1981). Modern Political Analysis. New Delhi: Oxford and IBH.
- 7. Kohl, E. J. (1978). A Framework of Political Analysis. New Jersey: Prentice Hall.
- 8. Young, O.R. (1968). System of Political Science. New Jersey: Prentice Hall.
- 9. Charlesworth, J.C. (Ed.). (1967). Contemporary Political Analysis. New York : Free Press.
- 10. Young, R. (1958). Approaches to the study of Politics. Evanston: North Western

Paper Code and Name

PAPER-XVII (OPEN ELECTIVE) POLITICAL JOURNALISM

COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

After completing this paper, the students will be able to:

CO1-Learn the fundamentals of covering political world in reporting it professionally.

CO2- Develop insights and complete knowledge of political reporting

CO3- Develop skills of reporting and research insights about the system and its structural contours.

CO4- Gain in depth knowledge of Political Institutions and Their Assessment

Title of the Paper		Marks for Semester end Examination	Total Marks	Hours per week	Credits
Political Journalism	25	75	100	4	4

Unit-I: Understanding Politics

- 1. Meaning and Nature of State, Defining Politics and the Political Process
- 2. Measuring Political Developments and defining the role of Mass Media-Press, Radio and TV

Unit-II: Political Actors and Political Action

- 1. Defining Political Culture, Nature of Political Parties and Forms of Political Participation
- 2. Defining Constitutionalism and working of Lobbies and Pressure Groups

Unit-III: Political Institutions and Their Assessment

- 1. Central, State, Local Governments and Judiciary an assessment of their performance
- 2. Writing Evaluative Reports background information, criteria for evaluation (parameters), conclusions and recommendation

Unit-IV: Political Communication

1. Journalistic writing skills, Date Line discussions and Hard Talk Interviews

2. Writing Political Blogs, Punctuation, Epitomization and Interpretations

<u>REFERENCES</u>

1. Iorio, Sharon Hartin. (2004). *Qualitative Research In Journalism*. London: Erlbaum Associates.

- 2. Merritt, Davis. (2004). Public Journalism And Public Life, London: Erlbaum Associates.
- 3. Kuhn, Raymond. (2003). *Political Journalism New Challenges*. New York: New Practices, Rutledge.
- 4. Sedorkin, Gail., & Mcgregor, Judy. (2002). *Interviewing A Guide For Journalist And Writers*, Crows Nest. N.S.W: Allen And Unwin.
- 5. Mcnair, Brian. (2000). Journalism And Democracy. London: Rutledge.
- 6. Bovie, Waxen G. (1999). *Discovering Journalism*. West Port CT: Greenwood Press.
- 7. Winch, Samuel P. (1997). *Mapping The Cultural Space Of Journalism*. West Port CT: Praeger.
- 8. Jangam, R.T. (et al). (1997). *Political Analysis*. New Delhi: Oxford and IBH Publication.
- 9. Johari, J.C. (1982). Comparative Politics. New Delhi : Sterling Publishers.
- 10. Dahl, Robert A. (1981). Modern Political Analysis. New Delhi: Prentice Hall of India.

Paper Code and Name	PG 50T306A: х	VIII-A- IND	DIAN GOVER	NMEN	NT AND PO	LITICS		
TVanic	PAP	PAPER XVIII-A-3 (SPECIALIZATION)						
	DYNAMICS OF INDIAN CONSTITUTION							
	COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)							
After compl	eting this paper, the studen	ts will be able	to:					
CO-1. Under	rstand the Philosophy of th	e Constitutio	n					
CO -2 Inculc	ate the noble ideals of Constit	tution						
	rstand the Constitutional D	<u> </u>	and National M	oveme	nt in India			
CO - 4. Und	erstand the dynamics of India	an Constitution		1				
Title	of the Paper		Marks for Semester end Examination	Total Marks	Hours per week		Credits	
Dynamics	Of Indian Constitution	25	75	100	4	4		
Unit –I: N	Aaking of the Constituti	ion						
1. 1	1. Demand for and Creation of the Constituent Assembly, Major Debates							
2. 1	Philosophy of the Constit	ution, Parlia	amentary Form	of Go	vernment. (E	ssentials	,	

	Features, Structure, Representation and Decline)
Unit-I	I: Structure of the Institution
	1. Lok Sabha and the Rajya Sabha (Composition, Powers and Functions)
	2. Party System, Defection-Politics of Defection and Anti-Defection Law, Hung
	Parliament and Coalition Politics,
Unit-I	II: Composition of the Judiciary
	1. Supreme Court – Composition, Structure and Jurisdiction, Public Interest
	Litigation.
	2. Judicial Review, Judicial Activism, Amendment procedures to constitution
Unit-I	V: Union-State Relations
	1. Union-State Relations-Trends in Indian Federalism, Debate over Article 356,
	Demand for State Autonomy and Separatist Movements
	2. Major Recommendations of the Administrative Reforms Commission, Sarkaria
	Commission, Madan Mohan Punchhi Commission,
	Venkatachalaiah Commission.
	<u>REFERENCES</u>
1.	Government of India. (2019). Constitution of India. New Dehli: Government of India.
2.	Bakshi, P. M. (2019). The Constitution of India. UP: Universal Law Publishing.
3.	Basu, D. D. (2018). Introduction to the Constitution of India. New Yark: Lexis Nexis,
4.	Shukla, V.N., & Pal Singh, Mahender. (2018). Constitution of India. Lucknow: EBC.
	Laskar, Mokbul. (2017). <i>Dynamics of Indian Federalism: A Comprehensive Historical Review</i> . Chennai: Notion Press.
6.	Pal, Samaraditya. (2015). <i>India'S Constitution –Origins And Evolution</i> . New Yark: Lexis Nexis.
7.	Khanna, H. R. (2008). Making of India's Constitution, Bengaluru: Eastern Book Co.
8.	Agarwal, R.C., & Bhatnagar, Mahesh. (2005). Constitutional Development and
	National Movement in India. New Dehli: S Chand & Co Ltd.
9.	Austin, Granville. (1999). The Indian Constitution: Cornerstone of A Nation, New
	Dehli: Oxford University Press.
10	Palkhivala, N. A. (1999). We, the People. New Dehli: UBS Publishers & Distributors
	Ltd.

Paper Code and Name	PG 50T306B.: XVIII-B- PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION PAPER-XVIII-B-3 (SPECIALIZATION)

ORGANIZATION AND MANAGEMENT

COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

After completing this paper, the students will be able to:

CO 1-learn skills of managing an organization

CO 2- Understand the process of Management

CO 3-Develop strategic abilities

CO 4-Understand Personal Administration and Management

Title of the Paper		Marks for Semester end Examination	Total Marks	Hours per week		Credits
Organization And Management	25	75	100	4	4	

Unit-I: Introduction

1. Meaning, Nature and Scope of the concept of Organization and Management.

2. Significance, Goals and Objectives of Organization and Management

Unit-II: Theories

- 1. Human Relations Theory of Organization (Elton Mayo)
- 2. Scientific Management Theory (F.W.Taylor), Management by Objectives (Peter Drucker)

Unit-III: Process

- 1. Hierarchy, Division of work, Unity of Command, Span of Control
- 2. Coordination, Training, Performance appraisal, Goal Orientation,

Unit-IV: Planning

- 1. Meaning, Significance of planning, Programme planning and Perspective planning.
- 2. Plan implementation, Plan Evaluation, Decision making and stages in Decision making.

- 1. Banarjee, S. (1996). Principles and Practice of Management. New Delhi: Oxford IB.H.
- 2. Goel, S.L. (1993). Personal Administration and Management. New Delhi: Sterling.
- 3. Drucker, Peter. (1990). The Practice of Management. Singapore: Mac Grew Hill.
- 4. Koontz, H.W. (1990). Essentials of Management. Singapore: Mac Graw Hill.
- 5. Bhattacharya, Mohit. (1987). Public Administration. (2nd ed). Calcutta: World Press.
- 6. Lynch, Thomas D. (Ed.). (1983). Organization Theory and Management. New York: Marcel Dekker.
- 7. Nigro, Felix. (1983). Modern Public Administration. New York: Harper and Row.

- 8. Etzioni, Amitai. (1965). Modern Organization. New Delhi: Prentice Hall of India.
- 9. Pfeiffer., & Shorewood. (1960). *Administrative Organization*. Englewood Cliffs: Prentice Hall.

10. Moorey, James D. (1957). The Principles of Organization. New York: Harper and Row.

Paper Code and Name

PG 50T306C: XVIII-C- INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS PAPER-XVIII-C-3 (SPECIALIZATION) INTERNATIONAL LAW & INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS

COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

After completing this paper, the students will be able to:

CO 1-Understand Conflict Resolution and International Settlement of Disputes.

CO2- Understand The Dynamics of International Law in Conflict Resolutions.

CO3- Know the responses of developing Countries towards International Law.

CO4- Know about the Role of U.N. in World Politics.

Title of the Paper	Internal Assessment Marks	Marks for Semester end Examination	Total Marks	Hours per week	Creans	Currentite
International Law & International Organizations	25	75	100	4	4	

Unit-I: Introduction

- 1. Sources and Significance of International law, Difference between International Law and Domestic law, International Humanitarian Law
- 2. Operationalising International law Institutions and actors.

(Focus on Agreements, Treaties, U.N. Conventions, Summits)

Unit-II: Conflict Resolution Mechanisms

- 1. International law and Conflicts: Conflict Resolution, International Settlement of Disputes.
- 2. Conflict Resolution Mechanisms: Neutrality, Sanctions, Peace keeping.

Unit-III: International Organizations

- 1. Genesis of League of Nations and United Nations –Structure and Functioning.
- 2. Challenges before U.N. Economy, Autonomy, Need for Reform, Role of U.N. in World Politics.

Unit-IV: U.N. and World Order

1. Role of U.N. in Development and Environmental Challenges, Democratizing U.N. and the New World Order

2. Effectiveness of U.N. - Achieving Millennium Goals 2030, Prospects of U.N.

- 1. Clark, Ian. (1999). *Globalization and International Relations Theory*. London: Oxford university Press.
- 2. Bajpai, Kanti., & Shukul, Harish C. (1995). *Interpreting World Politics*. New Delhi: Sage.
- 3. Jacson, Joagui. (1992). *The Dynamics of International Law in Conflict Resolutions*. Netherlands: Martinus Nijhor.
- 4. Kapoor, S.K. (1990). International Law. Allahabad: Central Law Agency.
- 5. Shreesh, Jayal., & Ramesh, Babu.B.(Eds.). (1990). *The United Nations and World Peace in a changing world*. New Delhi: Sterling.
- 6. Anand, R.P. (1987). International Law and the developing Countries. Nijhoff: Martinus.
- 7. Stark, J.G. (1989). Introduction of International Law. (10th Ed.). London: Butterworth.
- 8. Mehrish, B.N. (1988). *International Organizations: Structure and Process*. New Delhi: Vishal Publications.
- 9. Rebeca, M., & Wallace, M. (1986). International Law. London : Sweet with Maxwell.
- 10. Maryam, N.A. (1982). Green International Law. London: Macdonald.

Paper Code and Name	PG 50T306D: XVIII-D- COMPARATIVE GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS							
	PAPER XVIII-D-3 (SPECIALIZATION)							
	PARLIAMENT					NTS		
	(UK AND AUSTRALIA; BRAZIL AND NIGERIA)							
COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)								
After comp	leting this paper, the studen	ts will be able	to:					
CO1-Under	stand Parliamentary and Parliamentary	residential for	m Governments					
CO2- Make	Comparative Studies							
CO3- Take	up research in Comparative	e Government	and Politics					
	yze the Parliamentary and P							
Title	of the Paper	Internal Assessment Marks	Marks for Semester end Examination	Total Marks	Hours per week	Credits		

Parlia	amentary And Presidential Governments	25	75	100	4	4		
(Uk A	And Australia; Brazil And							
Niger								
	- I: Historical Background							
1. Brief Historical background of UK, Australia, Brazil and Nigeria and the features of								
	these societies							
2.	Presidential and Parliamenta	<u>ry Systems</u> -	Essential Char	racteristi	ics, Main i	nfluences on		
	these systems in UK, Austral	lia, Brazil an	d Nigeria.					
	II: Features and Composition							
1.	Features and composition o	f Presidentia	l and Parliame	entary S	ystem of	Government:		
	Major differences and simila	rities						
2.	Features and composition of	f Legislature	e, Executive an	nd Judic	iary in U	K, Australia,		
	Brazil and Nigeria.							
Unit–	III: Socio-Economic Dimens	sions						
1.	Social and Economic contex	ts of UK, A	ustralia, Brazil	and Nig	geria and i	its impact on		
	these societies; Foreign polic	eies of UK, A	Australia, Brazi	l and Ni	geria			
2.	Major issues in UK, Austral	ia, Brazil and	d Nigeria; Brey	kit, Migr	ration, Pov	erty, Racism		
	and Policy making in this dir	rection						
Unit–	IV: Political Democracy							
1.	Nature of Politics, prominen	t leadership a	and civil societ	ies in UI	K, Australi	a, Brazil and		
	Nigeria							
2.	Institutional response to Po	litical Demo	cracy, challeng	ges and	role of U	K, Australia,		
	Brazil and Nigeria in world p	olitics.						
		REFERE	ENCES					
1.	Afonso da Silva, Virgilio. (2	2019). The C	Constitution of	Brazil:	A Context	ual Analysis.		
	London: Bloomsbury Publish							
2.	Bhagwan, Vishnoo., Bha	shan, Vidya	a., & Mohla	a, Vano	dana. (20	013). World		
	Constitutions: A Comparativ	e Study. New	Delhi: Sterlin	g Publis	hers.			
3.	Andre Melo, Marcus. & Pe	reira, Carlos	. (2013). Maki	ing Braz	il Work: (Checking the		
	President in a Multiparty Sys	stem. New Y	ork: Palgrave N	Aacmilla	ın.	_		
4.	King, Anthony. (2009). The	British Const	titution. USA: 0	Oxford U	University	Press.		
5.								
	Text and Materials (Law in C		, ,					
6.	Kemp, Rod., & Stanton,	, .		-	•			
	Speeches that Shaped the Na			-		2		

Press.

- 8. Harris, (ed 1.). (2002). A New Constitution for Australia (Australian). Melbourne: Routledge. edition.
- 9. Mughan, Anthony., (2000). Media and the Presidentialization of Parliamentary Elections, Houndmills, Basingstoke, Hampshire. New York : Palgrave.
- 10. Nigeria., (1979). *The Constitutional of the Federal Republic of Nigeria*. Nigeria: Daily Times.

Paper Code and	PG 50	Г401.: РАР	PERS-XIX (CC)MPU	LSORY)			
Name		LOCAL GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS IN INDIA						
			COMES (COs)					
After comp	pleting this paper, the studen		· · · /					
	in depth knowledge about I				ation			
	rstand Urban Local Governm							
	elop interest in becoming pra yze the functioning of local		ocal government					
CO4- Alla	yze the functioning of local	governments						
Title	of the Paper	Internal Assessment Marks	Marks for Semester end Examination	Total Marks	Hours per week		Credits	
Local Go In India	vernment And Politics	25	75	100	4	4		
Unit-I: L	ocal Government and Do	ecentralizati	on					
1. Me	eaning, Concept and Signi	ficance of Lo	cal Governmer	nt in In	dia (Urban ai	nd Rur	al),	
Co	nstitutional Frame work re	elating to Loc	cal government	s in In	dia.			
2. Th	eories of Decentralization	, Concept of	Delegation, De	-Conce	entration and			
De	volution: its Benefits. Sig	nificance of I	Development of	f Rural	and Urban I	nstituti	ions	
in	India							
Unit-II: I	Evolution of Local Gover	nments						
1. Lo	cal Governments (Urban a	and Rural): E	volution, Mean	ing, Fe	eatures, Signi	ficanc	e and	
Leadership.								
	rd and 74th Constitutional	Amendment	Acts. Panchay	ati Raj	Institutions:			
	mposition, Functions, Sou		•					
	Urban Local Governme		6					
	ban Local Bodies: Varieti		tan Corporatio	n. Mur	nicipal Corpo	ration.		

Municipality, Town Panchayat) Meaning, Features, Role and Significance.

2.	District Administration: Evolution, Features and Functions. District Collector: Colonial
	legacy, Revenue Administration, Functions and Position.
J nit-]	IV: Globalization and Local Government
1.	State Finance Commission, State Election Commission. Urban-Rural Relationship and
	Problems.
2.	Globalization and Concept of Citizen Centric Administration: Features and
	Significance Citizen's Charter, Concept of Stake holders and Service Providing.
	<u>REFERENCES</u>
1.	Vaddiraju, Anil Kumar. (2017). Federalism and Local Government in India. Delhi
	Studium Press Pvt.Ltd.
2.	Singh, Pankaj. (2017). Rural Local Government in India. Allahabad: Kitab Mahal.
3.	Dollery, Brian., & Robotti, Lorenzo. (2008). The Theory and Practice of Local
	Government Reform. UK: Edward Elgar.
4.	Singh. Vijandra, (2003). "Chapter 5: Panchayati Raj and Gandhi". Panchayati Raj and
	Village Development: Volume 3, Perspectives on Panchayati Raj Administration.
	Studies in public administration. New Delhi: Sarup & Sons.
5.	Sachdeva, Pardeep. (2000). Urban Local Government and Administration in India
	New Delhi: Kitab Mahal.
6.	Singh, Hoshiar. (1997). Local Government in India, Britain, France and USA
	Allahabad: Kitab Mahal.
7.	Chandler, J. A. (1992). Local Government in Liberal Democracies: An Introductor
	Survey. New York: Routledge.
8.	Singh Sahib., & Singh, Swinder. (1991). Local Government in India. Jalandhar: New
	Academic Publishing Co.
9.	Sachdeva, Pardeep. (1991). Dynamics of Municipal Government and Politics in India
	New Delhi: Kitab Mahal.
10.	Mackenzie, W J. M. (1975). Explorations in Government Collected Papers 1951-1968
	LIK. Palarave Macmillan

10. Mackenzie, w 5. M. (1975). Explorations in Government Confected 1 apers 1951-1960.	
UK: Palgrave Macmillan.	
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Paper Code and Name	PG 50T402.: PAPER-XX (COMPULSORY) ELECTIONS AND ELECTORAL PROCESS IN INDIA					
COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)						
After compl	leting this paper, the students will be able to:					
CO1-Under	CO1-Understand Election Process and its Dynamics.					
CO2- Gain knowledge to become elected representatives.						
CO3- Know about Electoral reforms						
CO4-Becon	ne Sephalogists (Election Analysts)					

Title of the Paper	Internal Assessment Marks	Marks for Semester end Examination	Total Marks	Hours per week	Credits
Elections And Electoral Process In India	25	75	100	4	4
Unit-I: Election and Electoral Me	ethods				
1. History of Franchise in India	, Methods of	Election			
2. Provisions of the Constitutio	n of the India	, Representatio	on of th	ne People's A	ct
Unit-II: Electoral Machinery					
1. Election Commission of Ind	ia, Electoral	Machinery in th	ne Stat	es and Distri	cts
2. Recognition and Regulation	n of Politica	al Parties, Elec	ction (Campaign ai	nd Election
Expenses, model code of cor	nduct				
Unit-III: Procedures of Election					
1. Election Procedure, Impact of	of Multi Party	System on Ele	ection		
2. Election Disputes and Election	on Tribunals				
Unit-IV: Electoral Reforms					
1. Voting Behavior, Opinion Po	olls and Elect	ion Result Prec	liction	S	
2. Electoral Reforms: Problems	s, Need and Is	ssues			
	<u>REFERE</u>	ENCES			
1. Age, Robin. (2019). Election	ons in India: I	Everything You	Need	<i>to Know</i> . Ind	ia:
HarperCollins Publishers.					
2. Roy, Prannoy., & Sopariwa	ıla, Dorab R.	(2019). The Ve	rdict:	Decoding Ind	lia's
<i>Elections</i> . UK: Vintage.					
3. Singh, Shivam Shankar. (20	·			on: What Pol	itical
Parties Don't Want You to J					
4. Tiwari, R. K. (2018). <i>Politi</i>		Party Manifesto	s and	Elections in I	India,
<i>1909–2014</i> . New Dehli: Ro	•				
5. Kidwai, Rasheed. (2018). <i>E</i>	-	pisodes that Ha	ve Sha	ped India's l	Democracy
New Dehli: Hachette India.					
6. <u>Kumar</u> , Ashutosh., & <u>Siso</u>			How I	ndia Votes: A	4 State-by-
State Look, Hyderabad: Ori					
7. <u>Rama Devi</u> , V. S., & <u>Mend</u>			lia Vot	es - Election	Laws,
<i>Practice and Procedure</i> . N					
8. Agrawal, Manoj. (2015). E	Electoral Refo	orms. New Dehl	li: Prał	ohat Prakasha	an.
9. Saha, K. C. (2015). Model	Code of Cond	luct Handbook:	Elect	ions in India.	New
Dehli: Shipra Publications.					

10. <u>Palshikar, Suhas. Et Al.</u>, (2014). *Party Competition in Indian States: Electoral Politics in Post-Congress Polity*. New Dehli: Oxford University Press.

Paper Code and	DC 50	Т402 . в . 1		NADIT					
Name	PG 50T403.: PAPER-XXI (COMPULSORY)								
	POLITICAL ECONOMY								
A ftor comm	COURSE OUTCOMES (COs) After completing this paper, the students will be able to:								
-	elop the analytical skill of m			s of eco	onomic output	and not	licy in		
given contex	· ·	cuburing the pe		5 01 00	ononne output	unu por	ney m		
	ssess the impact of Politics					of eco	nomic		
	eral economic development in yze Political Economy and D			in the c	country				
	rstand Political Economy and D								
	Istand I ontiedi Leonomy		ciety,						
		T ()			H				
Title	of the Paper	Internal Assessment	Marks for Semester end	Total Marks	Hours pe week		Credits		
1 IIIC	or the raper	Marks	Examination	tal rks	ours p week		dits		
D 11/1 1 T					oer				
Political Economy		25	75	100	4	4			
Unit –I: I	ntroduction to Political	Economy							
1. Me	aning, Nature, Significar	ice and Scope	e of Political Ec	onom	У				
2. Po	litical Economy, Globalis	ation and Nat	tion States						
Unit-II: I	Political Economy and D	omestic Poli	tics						
1. Int	ernational Concerns and	Domestic Co	ncerns, Differe	nce am	nong Nationa	1			
Econo	mies								
2. Go	overnance and Economic	Stability, Pol	itical Economy	as the	cause for				
	vardness								
	Political Economy and F	0							
	1. Political Economy and Regional Integration, Foreign Policy issues								
2. Doi	2. Domestic Politics, Policies and Its impact on Political Economy								
Unit-IV:	Political Economy and I	Development	t						
1. Poli	1. Political Economy: State Criticism Vs Corporatism								
2. Poli	itical Economy and Civil	Society, Pros	spects of Politic	al Eco	nomy				
		REFEI	<u>RENCES</u>						

- Athreya, Venkatesh. (2019). Marxian Political Economy An Introduction to Capital. (Vol. 1). Chennai: Tulika Books.
- 2. <u>Mill</u>, John Stuart. (2012). *Principles of Political Economy*. Create Space Independent Publishing Platform.
- 3. <u>Mill</u>, John Stuart., & Riley, <u>Jonathan.</u> (2008). *Principles of Political Economy: and Chapters on Socialism*. London: Oxford University Press.
- 4. <u>Weingast</u>, Barry R. & <u>Wittman</u>, Donald. (2008). *The Oxford Handbook of Political Economy*. United Kingdom: OUP Oxford.
- 5. Weingast, Barry R. &. Wittman, Donald A. (2006). <u>Oxford The Oxford Handbook Of</u> <u>Political Economy</u>. USA: Oxford University Press.
- 6. Payne, (2006). *New Political Economy*. London: Routledge.
- 7. Usher, Daniel. (2003). *Political Economy*. New Jersey: Wiley-Blackwell.
- 8. Albritton, Robert. (2003). <u>New Dialectics and Political Economy</u>. UK: Palgrave Macmillan.
- 9. Chandhoke, Neera. Priyadarshi, Praveen. (1999). Contemporary India: Economy, Society, Politics. London: Pearson.
- 10. <u>Bardhan. Pranab</u>, (1998). *The Political Economy of Development in India*. New Dehli: oxford University Press.

Paper Code and PG 50T404.: PAPER-XXII (COMPULSORY) Name **RESEARCH METHODS IN SOCIAL SCIENCE COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)** After completing this paper, the students will be able to: CO 1- Develop interest in Social Science Research CO 2- Become Research Assistants in Projects CO 3- Become good researchers CO 4- Take up short term research Projects and make career Hours per Total Marks Internal Marks for Credits week **Title of the Paper** Assessment Semester end Examination Marks **Research Methods In Social** 75 4 4 25 100 Science **Unit – I: Research Methods** 1. Meaning and Need for Research, Types of Research: Fundamental and Applied 2. Political Science Research: Its History and Utility 3. Traditional and Scientific Methods of Research

Unit – II: Research Design

- 1. Meaning and Types of Research Design, Formulation of Research Problem
- 2. Literature Review: Sources and Use of Information Technology
- 3. Hypothesis: Formulation, Characteristics and Types

Unit – III: Techniques of Data Collection

- 1. Types of Data and Choice of Data Collection Method
- 2. Survey Research, Observation.
- 3. Document Analysis

Unit – IV: Data Analysis, Interpretation and Research Reporting

- 1. Processing of Data; Univariate, Bivariate, Multivariate Data Analysis
- 2. Generalization and Theory- Building ;Computer Application in Data Analysis
- 3. Research Report Writing ; Use of Chicago and MLA Style Manual

<u>REFERENCES</u>

- 1. Kothari, C. R., & Garg, Gourav. (2014). Research Methodology: Methods & Techniques. New Delhi: New Age International.
- 2. Ahuja, Ram. (2012). Research Methods. Jaipur: Rawat Publishers.
- 3. McNabb, David E. (2005). *Research Methods for Political Science : Quantitative and Qualitative Methods*. New Delhi: Prentice Hall of India.
- 4. Jaypalan, N. (2000). Research Methods in Political Science. New Delhi: Atlanta.
- 5. Ghosh, B.N. (1997). Scientific Methods and Social Research. New Delhi: Sterling.
- 6. Chicago University press. (1996). *The Chicago Manual of Style*. New Delhi: Prentice Hall of India.
- 7. Johnson, J.B., & Joslin, R.A. (1989). *Political Science Research Methods*. New Delhi: Prentice-Hall of India.
- 8. Young, P.V. (1984). Scientific Social Survey and Research. New Delhi: Prentice Hall.
- 9. Sharma, B A V., & Others. (1983). *Research Methods in Social Sciences*. New Delhi: Sterling Publishers.

10. Greenstein, F.I., & Polsby, N.W. (Eds.). (1975). *Strategies of Inquiry. Vol.7: Handbook of Political Science. 8 Vols.* California: Addison – Wesley.

Paper	
Code and	PG50D405:
Name	PAPER-XXIII (COMPULSORY)
	PROJECT WORK
	(A topic to be chosen from the area nearer to the syllabus in any paper
	prescribed for M.A. Degree in Political Science)

COURSE OUTCOMES (COs) After completing this paper, the students will be able to:							
Title of the Paper	Internal Assessment Marks	Marks for Semester end Examination	Total Marks	Hours per week	Credits		
3.							

Paper Code and Name	PG 50T406A.: STREAMS OF SPECIALIZATION XXIV-A-INDIAN GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS PAPER-XXIV-A-4 (SPECIALIZATION)								
	POLITICAL PROCESS AND POLITICS IN INDIA								
COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)									
-	After completing this paper, the students will be able to:								
	rstand the nature of Indian sta	•							
*	CO 2- sharpen the students' critical intellect and their ability to analyze Indian Government and Politics.								
CO 3-Gain	knowledge about the Chall	enges to the e	electoral system	1					
CO 4-Under	rstand the Major issues in Po	litics							
Title o	of the Paper	Internal Assessment Marks	Marks for Semester end Examination	Total Marks	Hours per week	Credits			
Political P India	Political Process And Politics In India		75	100	4	4			
Unit-I: Understanding Political Process and Politics									
1. Meaning and Nature of Political system, Political Parties and the Party System:									

National and Regional Parties

- 2. Trends in the Party System Congress system, Coalitions and
- Majoritarianism, Dominant Party culture

Unit II- Political Action and Societal Response

1. Challenges to the electoral system - Social determinants of voting,

Religion and Politics, Debates on secularism, majority and minority Communalism

2. Federalism and Regional Aspirations - Politics of secession, autonomy and control, Fiscal federalism and social movements

Unit III- Political Institutions – Emergence and Decay

- 1. The Legislature, Executive, and Judiciary- Nature of the Indian State, discrimination and affirmative action policies, Nature of political power in India.
- 2. Development Issues-Power sharing, Welfare, Ideological and Coercive dimensions Caste in politics and the politicization of caste and gender

Unit IV- Major issues in Politics

- 1. Political Representation–Types, Gender empowerment and representation, debates over reservation and creamy layer, demands for internal reservation
- 2. Major political challenges Unemployment, Poverty, Agricultural distress, Health care, environmental hazards.

- 1. <u>Singh</u>, Abhay Prasad., & <u>Murari</u>, Krishna. (2019). *Political Process in Contemporary India*. London: Pearson Education.
- 2. <u>Sharma</u>, Ruchir. (2019). *Democracy on the Road: A 25 Year Journey through India*. New Dehli: Penguin.
- 3. Roy, Himanshu., & Singh, M P. (2018). Indian Political System. Chennai: Pearson.
- 4. <u>Kumar, Sanjeev., & Pathak</u>, Dev Nath. (2016). *Political Process in India*. India: Pinnacle Learning.
- 5. Mitra, Subrata K. (2014). *Politics In India Structures, Processes, and Policy*. New Dehli: Oxford.
- 6. Kothari, Rajni. (2012). Politics in India. New Dlhi: Orient Longman.
- Mehta, <u>Pratap Bhanu., & Jayal</u>, Niraja Gopal. (2011). *Politics in India*. New Dehli: Oxford.
- 8. Hewitt, Vernon. (2009). *Political Mobilization and Democracy in India*. London: Routledge.
- 9. Chakrabarty, Bidyut. (2008). Indian Politics and Society since Independence Events, processes and ideology. New York: Routledge.

10. Brass, Paul R. (2003). *The Politics of India since Independence*. New Dehli: Cambridge University Press.

Paper Code and	PG 50T40	$6\mathbf{R} \cdot \mathbf{x} \mathbf{x} \mathbf{v}$	B-PUBLIC A	DMIN	ISTRATIO	N			
Name	PAPER-XXIV-B-4 (SPECIALIZATION)								
	NEW PUBLIC MANAGEMENT								
			COMES (COs)						
After compl	eting this paper, the studen								
	ability to analyze and critiques and critiques and Administrative Beha	1	xity of public ad	ministra	ation				
CO 3-Knov	v Modern Management T	echniques							
CO 4-Under	rstand Public Administratio	on in Theory ai	nd Practice.						
		-							
Title o	of the Paper	Internal Assessment Marks	Marks for Semester end Examination	Total Marks	Hours per week		Credits		
New Public Management		25	75	100	4	4			
Unit-I: Int	troduction								
1. Natu	re, Scope and Significan	ce of Manage	ement in Admin	istratio	on				
2. Deve	elopment as Science and	Profession, T	asks and Funct	ions of	2				
Maı	nagement								
Unit-II-Ne	ew Public Management								
1. Gen	esis and Growth of N	ew Public N	Management, F	Princip	les and Cha	racteris	tics:		
Ega	litarianism, Hierarchy V/	's Horizontal	Administration	l					
2. Con	cept and Components: G	overnance							
Unit-III-A	dministrative Behavior								
1. Con	nmunication and Control								
2. Mor	ale and Motivation, Lead	lership							
	lodern Management Te	-					_		
	agement Information Sy	· /							
2. Mar	nagement by Objectives (MBO), The H	Effective organi	ization					

<u>REFERENCES</u>

- 1. Sharma, M.P., & Saldana, B.L. (2006). *Public Administration in Theory and Practice*. Allahabd: kitab Mahal.
- 2. Sapra, R.K. (2006). *Administrative Theories and Management Thought*. New Delhi: Prentice Hall and India.
- 3. Gormley Jr, W., & Bhalla, S. (2004). *Bureauerany and Democracy Accountability and Performance*. Washington D.C: C.Q.Press.
- 4. Cloke, Kenneth., & Goldsmith, John. (2002). *The End of Management and the Rise of Organizational Democracy*. JOssey: Basswiley.
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Code and Name	PG 50T406C.: XXIV-C-INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS PAPER-XXIV-C-4 (SPECIALIZATION) INDIA AND REGIONAL ORGANIZATIONS
I	COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

After completing this paper, the students will be able to:

Paner

CO 1-Understand Concept, Approaches and Theories of Regional Cooperation

Co 2-Gain knowledge on Areas of Conflict and Cooperation in Regional Organizations

CO 3-Understand Regionalism in World Politics: Regional Organization and International Order

CO 4- Analyze Regional organizations functioning and its relation with India.

India . Organ	And Regional izations	25	75	100	4	4
-	-Introduction			II		1
1	. Concept, Approaches and T	Theories of Re	egional Cooper	ation - (Cultural un	iformity and
	Economic necessity as facto	ors in Regiona	al cooperation.			
2.	. India and her Neighbour, S	outh Asian S	ociety and Cul	ture, Fo	reign Polic	ies of South
	Asian Countries.		-		-	
Unit-I	I: Need for Regional Organ	ization				
	. Need for Regional Organiza		s Agenda for R	egional		
	Cooperation,		-	-		
2	. Government and Politics of	South Asia,	Problems of So	outh Asia	an	
	Countries					
Unit-I	II: Areas of Conflict and C	ooperation				
1	Areas of Conflict and Coop	eration in Reg	gional Organiza	ations –	SAARC,	
	BRICS, Commonwealth and	ASEAN				
2	. South Asian Regional Ident	ity: Composit	tion, aspiration	and Co	nstraints,	
	Economic Development of S	South Asia,				
Unit-I	V: Universalism vs. Globali	isation				
1	. National Power, Balance of	Power, Colle	ective Security,	Univers	salism	
	vs. Globalisation		-			
2	. Bilateral and Regional Coop	peration: Area	as of Suppleme	entarities	s and	
	Conflicts.	_				
		<u>REFERE</u>	ENCES			
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	Prashant Publishing House.					
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	Partnership, New Dehli: Ka	1				
3.	Kaplan, Robert D. (2015). A			China Se	ea and the I	End of a
	Stable Pacific. New Dehli: I					
4.	Leifer, Michael. (2013). ASI	EAN and the S	Security of Sou	th-East	Asia. New	Dehli:
	Routledge.					
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	Relationships. New Dehli: I					
7.	Rumelili, Bahar. (2007). Co	nstructing Re	gional Commu	nity and	l Order in l	Europe and
	Southeast Asia. UK: Palgrav					
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Paper Code and PG 50T406D.: XXIV-D-COMPARATIVE GOVERNMENT AND Name **POLITICS PAPER-XXIV-D-4 (SPECIALIZATION)** SOUTH. SOUTH EAST AND WEST ASIAN STUDIES (KOREA AND INDONESIA; EGYPT AND SAUDI ARABIA) COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

After completing this paper, the students will be able to:

CO 1- Understand the geo political environment.

CO 2-Understand Functioning of Political Institutions and Policy making.

CO 3- Take up research in Comparative government and Politics

CO 4- Analyze the South, South East and West Asian studies

Title of the Paper	Internal Assessment Marks	Marks for Semester end Examination	Total Marks	Hours per week		Credits
South, South East And West Asian Studies	25	75	100	4	4	
(Korea And Indonesia; Egypt And Saudi Arabia)						

Unit – I: Historical Background

- 1. Brief Historical background of Korea and Indonesia, Egypt and Saudi Arabia and the important features of these societies
- 2. Forms of Political Systems Essential characteristics, Main influences on these systems in Korea and Indonesia, Egypt and Saudi Arabia

hit- II: Functioning of Political Institutions

- 1. Features and composition of Legislature, Executive and Judiciary: Major differences and similarities in Korea and Indonesia, Egypt and Saudi Arabia
- 2. Functioning of Political Institutions and Policy making in Korea and Indonesia, Egypt and Saudi Arabia.

Unit – III: Socio-Economic Dimensions

- 1. Social and Economic contexts of Korea and Indonesia, Egypt and Saudi Arabia and its impact on these societies; Foreign policies of Korea and Indonesia, Egypt and Saudi Arabia
- 2. Major issues in Korea and Indonesia, Egypt and Saudi Arabia; Threat of North Korea, China, Terrorism, Regime Change and Policy making in this direction

Unit – IV: Political Democracy

- 1. Nature of politics, prominent leadership and civil societies in Korea and Indonesia, Egypt and Saudi Arabia
- 2. Institutional response to political democracy, challenges and role of Korea and Indonesia, Egypt and Saudi Arabia in world politics
- 3.

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